Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

VOL. XXXIII BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 13, 1902 NO. 8.

A GREAT STRIKE ON!

Teamsters, Freight and Express Handlers Quit in Boston.

8,000 MEN ALREADY INCLUDED

Unless Powerful Agencies are Hastily Invoked to Compel Peace the Struggle Will Be Far Reaching in Its Effects.

RAILROAD COMPANIES AFFECTED

BOSTON, March 11.—After nearly six weeks of skirmishing the dreaded labor war between the organized teamsters, freight and express handlers of Boston, and the two great railroad corporations, the New York, New Haven and Hartford and the New York Central and Hudson River, the latter locally known as the Boston and Albany, broke out yesterday.

Last night the outlook was that unless powerful agencies were speedily invoked to compel peace, the struggle will have a far-reaching effect.

The strike, which is a sympathetic one, already involves 8,000 men in and about Boston. Stopping work because of the discharge of union men who refused to handle non-union moved freight, the various organizations now on strike, made every effort yesterday to extend their spere of influence to affiliated bodies, while the corporations energetically tried to fill the strikers' places and to receive and distribute goods offered them. Both met with some measure of success.

Today the local employes of the great express companies, the Adams and the New York & Boston, two companies which handle practically all the fast freight in Southern New England, will refuse to work, while several smaller bodies of organized labor, such as the brewery teamsters and the piano movers, as well as freight handlers in East Boston will be idle.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 11.—Intense interest is taken in the big strike of freight handlers and teamsters in Boston, as this city is one of the leading distributing centres in New England.

Several freight handlers in the sheds of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad here were ordered to Boston yesterday but as they preferred to give up their places rather than obey the company did not press the point. The union employes in the freight houses here say they will stop work at a moment's notice if the request to that effect comes from Boston.

The Providence freight handlers claim to have grievances of their own, one of which is the complaint that the rate of wages is lower than that paid in Boston. Last night it was stated that a notice to strike may be received from the union within 24 hours.

Japanese Mission Burned

The members of the Reformed church in this city and vicinity will be sorry to learn of the total destruction of the Girl's school at Sendai, Japan, by fire. There were seventy-five girls in the school and all were saved. The loss is $5,000 with some insurance. The school was established by the Reformed church twelve years ago, and recently has enjoyed the favor of the Japanese government, which at first opposed it.

Marriage Licenses.

E. Clayton Wagner	Tusseyville
Maud E. Gunsalus	Penn Cave
Adam B. Wolf	Rebersburg
Grace May Page	" "
C. B. Lingle	Boggs Twp.
Erma V. Jones	Milesburg
J. Hughes Burton	Bradenville
Mrs. Ida Romig	Oak Hall
Henry J. Sones	Stormstown
Jennie Biglow	" "

The Beech Creek Coal and Coke company has purchased the Fishburn coal mines near Munson and will install a modern coal-cutting and hauling system, thereby increasing the output and employing 100 more men.

—Congressman William Connell, of Scranton, represents Pennsylvania on the Republican Congressional committee, organized in Washington Monday evening for the purpose of conducting the coming congressional campaign.

—When the battle ship Iowa was docked recently at a Chilian port the inhabitants gave the vessel and its crew quite an ovation. Chili has decided that making faces at Uncle Sam is a waste of time and a losing game.

France and Wheat.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—The wheat and flour trade is deeply concerned about the new French law, modifying former ones with regard to the temporary admission of wheat into the Republic, according to a report from Consul General Skinner, of Marseilles, dated February 11, and made public at the State Department Thursday.

Under the terms of the old law, an exchange of money was not essential to secure a certificate of importation; the transaction became a matter of bookkeeping and the certificates in the hands of the importer had a fluctuating market value and the importer was practically enabled to defeat the tariff law to just the amount for which he disposed of his certificate upon the market.

Under the new law only the actual exportation of the merchandise will be considered justification for the reimbursement of the certificates, and the amount of the duty in all cases must be paid in cash upon the arrival of the wheat. Mr. Skinner says that methods of evading the terms of the new law have been suggested and doubtless will be passed upon by the courts in due time.

If the trafficking in the certificates of importation is prevented by law, he says, the effect will be to stiffen the market price of wheat in France.

Here's a Mystery on a Postal Card

Every member in the House at Washington received in his mail Friday morning a postal card bearing the post mark Chicago, but devoid of all marks of authorship or origin.

The card is covered with the imprint in red ink of apparently a small rubber stamp bearing the outline figure of a mule and another of a horse. A horse was stamped in the upper left hand and lower right hand corners, while twelve imprints of mules were promiscuously scattered over the card. Across the centre, in large black type were these questions:

"Is the President waiting to hear from the people?"

"Will the people speak?"

Some members thought that it had an application to the oleomargarine bill, others that it referred to Cuba, the treatment of Schley, or the attitude of the President on the census bill.

Others took it to mean the work of a practical joker, while not a few regarded it as ominous and expect a terrible calamity.

The editor of the REPUBLICAN also received one of the postals in his mail Saturday morning, and it is as much of a mystery in this office as it is in Congress

—Governor Stone entertained at dinner Monday the members of the Superior Court of Pennsylvania.

—The report current on our streets Saturday to the effect that Mr. J. W. Gephart, acting for the Bellefonte Furnace company, has purchased the Valentine furnace and ore lands, was without foundation. We are sorry 'tis so.

—The First Lutheran church of Altoona held special services last Sunday in commemoration of paying off and burning a 12,000 mortgage on the church property. The church building, including lot, cost $84,054.

—At Cross Fork Sunday while a number of small boys were fishing driftwood out of the river they found a lard can containing the body of a baby. The can and its contents had evidently been frozen in the ice all winter.

—The Italian murderers of Ross Stewart at Karthaus, are still at large and there is little likelihood of their being apprehended as they had sufficient time in which to get out of the region before officers could be put on their tracks.

—Mr. Bryan remarks that "The Kansas City platform will be reaffirmed in 1904, and the party will also present such other questions as the time and the public welfare dictate." It will be observed that 16 to 1 is still an ultimatum with Bryan.

—The House of Representatives passed 159 private pension bills the other day—at the rate of about one a minute. When statesmen have a strong mutual desire to expedite matters the amount of business they can accomplish in a short time is remarkable.

—North Carolina is ahead of Massachusetts in the number of cotton mills, by 177 to 163. But size counts for something, for the annual production of the Massachusetts mills is $110,000,000 and that of the North Carolina mills $28,000,000.

—Colonel R. C. Elder, the new commander of the Fifth regiment, N. G. P., has announced the following staff appointments: Adjutant, Captain James S. Stackpole, of Lewistow; chaplain, Captain James J. K. Loyd, of Altoona; regimental clerk, Howard O. Lantz, Esq, of Lewistown.

PRINCE HENRY IN PHILA.

Cordial Reception By the Citizens and Officials

GEN. FUSTON ON THE PHILIPPINES

While People in the Islands Could Not Have Been Turned Over to the Mercy of Aguinaldo—Russia Sends Troops to Suppress Riots in China.

BANDITS PLUNDER THE NATIVES

NEW YORK, March 10.—Brigadier General Frederick Funston was the guest of honor at a dinner given last night at the Lotus Club. More than 300 members of the club were present. In the course of his remarks General Funston had this to say about the cause of the war in the Philippines:

"When Manila was surrendered to Dewey and Merritt, some thousands of Spaniards were in the city. In the eyes of the world these people looked to us for protection, and to have turned them over to the uncontrollable mob known as Aguinaldo's army would have been the blackest page of American history—one that a thousand yeras of repentance and restitution would not have satisfied."

Then General Funston said: "All of those men who have fallen since December, 1900, have been victims of a lot of misinformed and misguided people here in the United States. It is perfectly proper for us to have all sorts of opinions as to what we should do with the Philippine Islands, but, for heaven's sake let us keep them to ourselves until every square inch of that territory recognizes the sovereignty of the United States."

General Funston then gave many examples to show that the Filipino leaders were not true patriots. He mentioned the slaying of Antonio Luna, who was ordered slain by Aguinaldo. General Funston said that Aguinaldo had told him in regard to Luna's death:

"I had him killed simply because he would have been dictator instead of myself."

"Would you imagine George Washington doing anything like that?" asked General Funston.

The General said there was not one of the so called Filipino patriots who could not be convicted of murder if he was tried by a jury. He declared that there had never been a war in the world's history where the soldiers had shown such humanity as had the American troops in the Philippine Islands.

THE PRINCE IN THE QUAKER CITY.

The following program will be carried out.

10.10 a. m.—Mayor Ashbridge, accompanied by the chairman of the Committee of Arrangements and a sub-committee, proceeds to Broad Street Station.

10. 20 a. m.—Prince Henry arrives.

10.30—a, m.—Reception of Prince Henry in Mayor's office.

10 50 a. m.—Prince Henry and party proceed to Independence Hall. Route—City Hall to Chestnut street, to entrance to hall.

11 a. m.—Prince Henry, Admiral Evan and Mayor Ashbridge leave their carriage and enter independence Hall.

11.05 a. m.—Prince leaves independence Hall. Route—Chestnut to Fifth, to Market, to Broad, to Girard avenue to Cramps' shipyard.

11.55 a. m.—Prince arrives at Cramp shipyard.

12.45 p.m.—Prince leaves Cramp's shipyard.

1.30 p. m.—Prince arrives at Union League and takes luncheon.

3 20 p. m.—Prince leaves Philadelphia.

CONDITIONS AT JEHOL.

PEKIN, March 9.—Chinese officials are greatly disturbed over the conditions at Jehol (Cheng Te), about 100 miles northeast of Pekin, where band t soldiers have captured a priest. An official of the Foreign office declares that the Russians have already despatched 500 troops to Jehol from the Manchurian border.

The trouble began over the settlement of claims of native Christians, and it resulted in rioting between the Christians and the non-Christians. Brigands took advantage of these conditions to plunder the country and the Russian telegraphic connections were incidentally cut. The Foreign office says the captured priest is a Belgian.

It was reported March 7 from Pekin that the Chinese Court had ordered the immediate release of this priest in order to forestall the entry of foreign troops into the district of Jehol, which is rich in gold mines.

Former County Commissioner Frank Adams Dead.

Former County Commissioner Frank Adams died Tuesday morning shortly after 8o'clock at his home on East High St. of acute Bright's disease. Mr. Adams was born in Bellefonte, November 29, 1855 and during his life had lived in Howard and Milesburg. For the past eleven years he has resided in Bellefonte. In June 1883 he was married to Miss Linn Campbell of Milesburg who with one son, Lee F. survives him. For ten years he served as constable in Boggs twp. and from 1890 to 1896 was a commissioner of Centre county. Since his retirement from the commissioners office he had been agent for the Owego Bridge Company.

Mr. Adams was a highly respected and esteemed gentleman and his kindly disposition and generous qualities won for him a wide circle of friends. At the age of 15 years he united with the Methodist Episcopal church, and was uniformly active and earnest in church work. He was also a member of the Bald Eagle Lodge No. 410 I. O. O. F. In addition to his wife and son the deceased is survived by one sister, Mrs. Frank Wagner, of Milesburg and four brothers, Charles, William and George of Milesburg and Richard of Philipsburg.

The funeral will occur on Friday afternoon with Rev. Dr. Shriner of the Methodist church officiating. Interment in the Union Cemetery.

Colonel James T. Stuart Dead.

Col. James T. Stuart one of Centre county's foremost and best known citizens died at his home in Boalsburg on Thursday night after a week's illness with pleurisy and pneumonia aged 65 years. Colonel Stuart was a native of the county and has been all his life a resident of Boalsburg where he was engaged in the hotel and mercantile business. He was lieutenant colonel of the 49th regiment Pennsylvania volunteers and served with distinction throughout the civil war. He was an elder in the Presbyterian church and was identified with every movement tending toward the advancement of the best interests of the community in which he spent his life. Colonel Stuart is survived by his wife, four sons, one sister Pricilla, of Boalsburg; and two brothers, John W. Stuart, postmaster at State College and Harry Stuart, postmaster at Sandy Ridge.

The Bellefonte Club Reorganized.

After a suspension of several years the Bellefonte Club was successfully reorganized on Monday night. The question of reorganization had been under consideration for some time past during which a canvass of the membership was made and a sufficient number of the old members expressed their desire to re-open the club. Club quarters have not yet been secured but there are several places under consideration and it is expected that the location will be decided upon April 1st. At Monday nights meeting a committee was appointed to make the selection of quarters and to prepare the same for occupancy at the earliest possible date. The reorganization of the club is as follows: President, Dr. George E. Harris; Vice President, H. E. Fenlon; Secretary, Edmund Blanchard, Treasurer, John M. Shugert.

Will Meet in Tyrone.

The annual district conference of the Pittsburg district of the African M. E. church, will be held in Bethel A. M. E. church, Tyrone, May 20, 21 and 22, 1902. This conference will bring together all the pastors and local elders and deacons and preachers of the district, and one lay delegate from each charge in the district. A great time is expected. The pastor, Rev. S. A. Lewis, will commence preparation at once for the entertainment of the conference, which will be the first ever held in the Tyrone A. M. E. church. The membership of this church has increased under the present administration from fifteen to fifty.—Tyrone Times.

Sportsman's League Elects Officers.

The annual meeting of the Sportsman's League of Centre County for the election of officers for the ensuing year was held in the Arbitration room at the Court House on Monday evening. The large attendance at the meeting indicated that the interest in this excellent organization still continues at high tide and that it has become a permanent institution. The following officers were elected: President Dr. J. D. Geissinger; Vice President, Kline Woodring; Secretary, John J. Bower; Financial secretary, L. H. Gettig; Treasurer, John A. McGinley; Directors; B. D. Tate, R. S. Brouse, C. M. Heisler, Auditor, R. S. Brouse.

—There have been 2,100 explosions in coal mines in the last fifty years, involving a loss of 8,800 lives, or about four to every disaster.

CYCLONE VISITS OMAHA

Houses Were Unroofed and Streets Covered With Debris.

ONE CHURCH TURNED OVER

Several Persons Were Injured, but So Far as Known no Deaths Resulted. The Railroad Reports a Heavy Rainfall.

STORM ALSO VISITS OTHER STATES

OMAHA, Neb., March 12.—Omaha was visited by a cyclone at 1 o'clock Tuesday morning for the first time in the history of the city. Many houses were unroofed fronts blown in and windows smashed. Fifty buildings were more or less damaged. Cummins, street, from Fourteenth to Eighteenth, and Twenty-fourth, north to Cummins, are strewn with debris.

Of the large structures, the Coliseum is the worst wrecked. Throughout the section visited by the wind buildings are unroofed, windows blown out, sidewalks torn up and fences thrown down. Lightning and rain added to the terror. The Monmouth Park Methodist Episcopal church was practically ruined by the wind A number of flat building were badly damaged by lightning. Several persons were injured, but none seriously. Telephone and telegraph wires were badly damaged. The Monmouth Park church was turned completely over and the two story dwelling occupied by Mrs. Amanda Gearing and daughter was torn into kindling wood. One of the freaks of the storm was the tearing out of the pendulum of a large clock in an undertaker's shop, the clock being otherwise undamaged. All railroads report, heavy rains around Omaha, but little damage was done except along the Union Pacific.

BARTLETT, Iowa, March 12.—A severe wind and thunder storm struck this place late Monday afternoon and did considerable damage to buildings. One residence was blown down, but none of the occupants was seriously hurt. There was a terrific downpour of rain, which lasted nearly an hour.

At Oakland, ten miles east of here, the Rock Island tracks were badly washed out and the wind caused much damage to small buildings.

A Very Valuable Property Purchased by the Masonic Order.

[Communicated.

The large double brick house and lot on Allegheny Street directly opposite the Y. M. C. Association, and owned by the Estate of the late Mr. E. C. Humes, was purchased from this estate by the Masons at a special meeting called to consider the purchase, on Tuesday evening last. When this building was erected, it was considered a very fine one, and the very best material was used in its construction throughout. While the property has never been without an occupant, it has not been abused by or from general use, and owing to its desirable location, has added the greater to its value, both as a residence and business property. Among those who have occupied this valuable droperty, were Gov. Curtin, Gen. James PIrvin, 1st. National Bank, John. Harris, Dr. Robert Hayes, now of Freeport Ills., an Uncle of R. G. H. Hayes, John Harris (Druggist), Dr. Thos. R. Hayes, Miss. Elizabeth Humes and Miss Mary Ann McGill. We understand the possession of the building is to be given on the first of April next of this present year, after which there are to be some changes and improvements made under the supervision of the Architect Mr. Robt Cole, before its occupancy by the Masons.

Old Man Murdered—His Wife Tortured.

BUTLER, Pa., March 10.—The home of James Smith, a retired farmer, at Saxon Station, eleven miles from here, was the scene of a fiendish crime Thursday night. Three masked men broke into his house, murdered the old man and tortured Mrs. Smith. They then ransacked the house and secured $200., and, after destroying considerable property about the house, made their escape.

Smith was shot through the head and his skull crushed by a blow from a bludgeon. A large crowd of neighbors have started in pursuit of the murderers and they have been traced to Freeport. Smith was 80 years of age.

—Secretary of the navy, John D. Long, tendered to the President on Monday his resignation to take effect May 1st. The President has appointed W. S, Moody, of Massachusetts to succeed Mr. Long.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded during the past week by Recorder Robb:

John Craig et ux to W. T. Tallhelm, March 6, 1902, 2 lots in Huston twp; consideration $100.

Wesley Nevel et ux to Howard Lingle, March 25, 1901, 4 acres in Potter twp; consideration $300.

John P. Harris et ux to Katie Finkle, April 4, 1896, lot in Gregg twp; consideration $1,000.

Jonathan Harter et ux, et al to Oscar N. Long, Dec. 29. 1900, 1 lot in Millheim, consideration $125.

Sarah S. Shope et baron to Ella M. Cartwright, March 5. 1902, 2 lots in Boggs twp; consideration $300.

Mary R. Harris et baron to Wm. J. Musser, Feb. 11, 1902. 1 lot in Bellefonte; consideration $1,200.

Geo. H. Houck et ux to C. T. Fryberger, March 6. 1902, lot No. 26 in Rush twp; consideration $700.

Harry D. Rumberger to E. S. Westenhawe, March 3, 1902, lot in Philipsburg; consideration $1.600.

Mrs. Susan Sarvey to Kelley Brothers, Jan. 15, 1902, lot No. 578 in Snow Shoe; consideration $600.

Jane E. Broadhead to H. D. Rumberger, Feb. 18, 1902, lot in Philipsburg; consideration $1,500.

Daniel Hall et ux to H. D. Lindersmith, March 3, 1902, 1 lot in Unionville boro; consideration $700.

H. M. D. Loraine to William F. Holt, Trustee, Dec. 10, 1901, ¼ of 100 acres of land in Snow Shoe; consideration $1.00.

Samuel F. Irvin and wife to B. F. Davis, March 6, 1902, 107 6-10 perches of land in Ferguson twp; consideration $1,000.

Jas. Flick et ux to Geo. L. Flick, May 10, 1900, 13 acres and 60 perches of land in Union twp; consideration $100.

Susan Sharp et baron to Geo. O. Simmonds, March 6, 1902, house and lot in Spring twp; consideration $700.

Paying a Creditor.

Like many another famous man bot before his time and since, Talleyrand exhibited, at least in early life, a great reluctance to settling with his creditors. When he was appointed bishop of Autun by Louis XVI., he considered a fine new coach to be necessary to the proper maintenance of the dignity of that office. Accordingly a coach was ordered and delivered, but not paid for. Some time after, as the newly appointed bishop was about to enter his coach, he noticed a strange man standing near who bowed continually until the coach was driven away. This occurred for several days until at length Talleyrand, addressing the stranger, said.

"Well, my good man, who are you?"

"I am your coachmaker, my Lord," replied the stranger.

"Ah," said Talleyrand, "you are my coachmaker! And what do you want, my coachmaker?"

"I want to be paid, my Lord."

"Ah you are my coachmaker, and you want to be paid? You shall be paid, my coachmaker."

"But when, my lord?"

"Hum," said Talleyrand, settling himself comfortably among the cushions of his new coach and eying his coachmaker severely, "you are very inquisitive!"

—No less than 30,000,000 acres of Cuba—nearly half the island—is forest. There are 30 different species of palms alone found there.

—Four of Uncle Sam's battle ships have been ordered to Colombian waters as a safeguard of American property interests. They may also be regarded as a first-class guarantee of peace.

—Senator Bill Flinn has forwarded to Lieutenant Governor Gobin his resignation as Senator from the 44th district and has retired from the Pittsburg and Allegheny county Republican Committee.

—Cuba will begin to govern itself without a public debt and in receipt of customs revenues amounting to $16,000,000 a year. With this start the island ought to make both ends meet unless it plunges at once into extravagance.

—Senator Lodge said in a speech last week that the United States has given the Filipinos schools, habeas corpus, prompt courts, a new legal code of procedure, and that "every step has been in accordance with the wise and kindly policy of the president who is dead." These are facts as opposed to the empty talk about imperialism.

—Now is the time when grape vines should be trimmed. If the work has been already done, so much the better, but delays in this case are dangerouse. In a few weeks the sap will be flowing, and any wound that has not been made long enough to heal over and dry will bleed. Much bleeding in a grape vine means death.

LEGITIMATE MINING IS THE SAFEST AND MOST PROFITABLE BUSINESS IN THE WORLD.

PAR VALUE GOLD MINING COMPANY.

CAPITAL STOCK, $1,000,000. Par Value of Shares, $1 each, Full Paid and Non-Assessable. Guarantee Trust and Safe Deposit Co., Philadelphia, Registrars. National Bank of Delaware, Wilmington, Depository.

General Office, 420 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

JOSEPH H. REALL, President. A. W. CARSTEN, Treasurer.
JAS. H. JORDAN, Secretary and Assistant Treasurer.

DIRECTORS.

HENRY BAIRD, Cashier National Bank of Delaware (Wilmington.)
M. J. SHARKEY, Proprietor Hotel Lafayette, Wilmington, Del.
F. E. GALLAGHER, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Wilmington, Del.
J. C. McNAUGHTON, Wholesale Lumber Merchant, Philadelphia, Pa
CHARLES H. SPRIGGS, Merchant, Washington, Pa
HUGO BACH, Insurance, Philadelphia, Pa.
FREELAND G. HOBSON, Trust Officer and Treasurer, Norristown Trust and Safe Deposit Company, Norristown, Pa.
WM. G. FITE, Wholesale Merchant, Pittsburg, Pa.
RALPH S. WALLACE, Oakdale, Pa.
WILLIAM BROMER, Manufacturer, Schwenksville, Pa.
A. W. CARSTEN, Dry Goods Merchant, Washington, Pa.
THOS. ARMITAGE, Marble Works, Washington, Pa.
I. E. MILLER, Glass Manufacturer, Washington, Pa.
JOSEPH H. REALL, Boston, Mass.
MINES: Victor and Wilbur, Cripple Creek, District, Colorado; Caribou, Colorado; Cedar Fort, Utah.

After working eighteen months and spending many thousands of dollars in equipping and developing its Mines, the Par Value Gold Mining Company has struck ore averaging $92 at the smelter per ton in one of its seven mines and there is every indication of reaching it in two of the other properties in the Cripple Creek District, Colorado, within a short time.

To thoroughly open the properties additional money is required, and to raise this, that the earnings may go to dividends, subscriptions will be accepted for the stock at 50 cents per share. It is recommended that all who desire stock in the Company send in their orders at once to benefit by the very exceptional opportunity that is afforded for investing in an established, proven mining enterprise on the eve of production.

The property of The Par Value Gold Mining Company, owned or operated, consists of the DAMERAL, PAR VALUE, MARY ALICE, STONEHOUSE, IDAHO, MASSASOIT, and MARY HUNTER Mines, and comprises about 600 acres, the first of which are continuously worked.

THE DAMERAL is located at Wilbur, four miles south of Victor, Cripple Creek District, Col., and comprises 120 acres. A railroad runs through the property and this district is attracting attention by its showing of good ore, which equals that of the Independence, Portland, and other great mines of the Cripple Creek District at the same stage of development.

THE PAR VALUE is located at Victor, Cripple Creek district, Col., and comprises a portion of the monument claim, and adjoins the Portland, Mary Cashen, Granite and Dillon, and is near to and surrounded by the Strong, Independence, Gold Coin and Ajax, the great mines of the Cripple Creek district.

THE STONEHOUSE adjoins the Par Value and is producing.

THE MARY ALICE lies between the Portland and Independence, and near the Modoc, Strong and Vindicator, and is in the best location in the world.

THE IDAHO is located at Caribou, Boulder Co., and lies near to large producers.

THE MASSASOIT is located in the Mercur district, Utah, and comprises 17 claims of 340 acres. It is near to large producers.

THE MARY HUNTER comprises six claims of 120 acres, and is located one and one-half miles from the Massasoit.

THE DAMERAL property has a shaft which is being sunk to 100 feet, and a tunnel which is being run from the slope of the mountain, and other development. The rock in the tunnel runs up to $12. The surface improvements comprise shaft house, windlass, tools, etc., and the work of development is being prosecuted.

THE PAR VALUE has a double compartment shaft, 4x18 feet, down 200 feet. A drift has been run south 169 feet from the 200-foot level and another is now being driven from the 184-foot level north to a strike vein known to contain good ore.

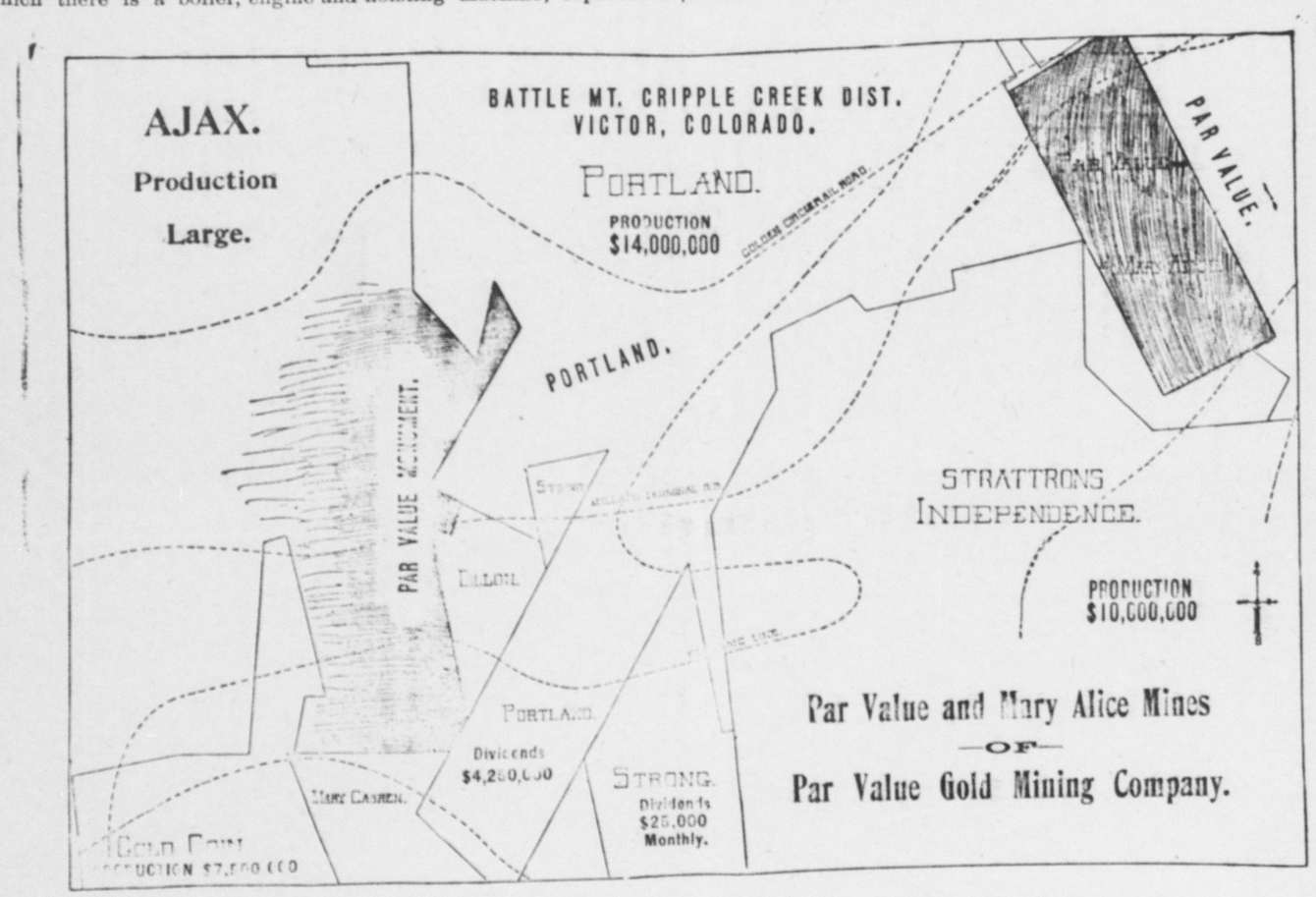
This mine is equipped with a good shaft house, 12x24 feet, in which there is a boiler, engine and hoisting machine, capable of working to a depth of 700 feet, blacksmiths' outfits, tools, etc.

THE MARY ALICE has a 4x7 double compartment shaft, sunk to a depth of 500 feet.

There is a drift of 40 feet running out from the 200-foot level, one of a 100 from the 400-foot level, in which there is a steak of ore running $376 per ton, and as it stands almost perpendicularly it is reasonably certain to widen out into a paying shoot in the lower level

These drifts are fitted with tracks and a good mine car. A drift is now being run southward toward the Independence property, and another is being run north directly toward a point in the Portland, from which they are obtaining their best ore. The shots fired in the latter mine can be distinctly heard in the Par Value shaft. The improvements on the Mary Alice comprises a good shaft house, 12x25 feet, in which there is an electric hoist capable of pumping and working the mine to a depth of 700 feet; also blacksmiths' outfits, tools, etc.

The above three properties are not only located in the best district in the world—Cripple Creek, which has produced over one hundred and thirty millions in the last nine years, beginning with a production of $2°,000 per year in '91, and yielding nearly $30,000,000 last year—but they adjoin or are surrounded by the greatest mines in the district. The Par Value, Stonehouse and Mary Alice are on the famous Battle Mountain, where are located such well-known producers as Stratton's Independence, the Portland, the Gold Coin, the Strong, Granite, Ajax and Dead Pine, the Dillon, Mary Cashen, and one or two others not quite so large. They are situated practically in the center of the group mentioned above and veins can be traced from several of them to and across the Mary Alice and Par Value. Over half of the $30,000,000 Cripple Creek, production for the year 1901 came from this one hill, and, judging from the past, no company can miss paying if they reach the required depth. There are nearly 200 producing mines in the district, 10 miles long by 5 wide, and it produces almost or quite as much gold as the entire country outside, counting private operations, which bring the productions to upward of $30,000,000 last year.



MAP SHOWING MARY ALICE AND PAR VALUE (MONUMENT) MINES.

THE MASSASOIT is located in one of the most prosperous districts of Utah; has a shaft of 100 feet deep, which is now being extended southward. It shows every indication of making a great and profitable mine.

THE MARY HUNTER is opened by a shaft and tunnel, and has had several thousand dollars spent on it, and is a most promising property.

THE IDAHO is opened by a 225-foot shaft, and produced $425,000 under former management.

THE PAR VALUE COMPANY has increased from ½ of an acre to 600 acres. It has 2,000 feet of development work done on its seven properties.

Comstock Mine produced $600,000,000; Ophir, sold for $80,000, produced $55,000,000; Homestake, sold for $15,000, produced $50,000,000; Ontario, sold for $22,500, produced $36,000,000; Cripple Creek, opened in 1891, has produced $130,000,000.

The Par Value is the best mining proposition that can be presented, integrity, experience of management, location, value of property, price of shares and work going on considered.

It affords a rare opportunity to secure stock in an established, proven and working enterprise, and after this allotment is sold none can be had from the company.

The directors have invested their own money in the stock of the Company and are its largest stockholders, and the shareholders comprise a large and discriminating class of investors, including bankers, merchants, manufacturers, professional men and all classes of investors. The enterprise is conducted, and will be conducted, in the interests of all the stockholders alike, whether owning 10 shares or 10,000.

The Company has struck ore on the Stonehouse Mine, which assays up to $468 per ton, and from which a shipment on the 18th of February averaged $92 per ton, and expects to begin regular shipments from this mine and the Par Value soon after the 1st of March.

We offer for sale for immediate application in amounts to suit the unsold portion of the Treasury Stock of the Par Value Gold Mining Company at 50 cents per share, full paid and non-assessable, for additional development and Company purposes.

Order at once to secure the stock at this price, as this offer is open only now, and remit by check, registered letter, draft or money order, and apply for any further information desired to

A. W. CARSTEN, Treasurer,
No. 607 Fitzsimons Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.
or 420 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
APPLY AT ONCE.

THE BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN, MARCH 13, 1902.

THE Republican AND N. Y. TRIBUNE 1.25.

Got a Constant Headache?
Ten chances to one the secret of your suffering is that "white man's burden," catarrh. Here is a sentence from one man's evidence for Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder—"One application gave me instant relief, cleared the nasal passages and stopped the pain in my head." It's a quick, safe and sure treatment and it never fails to cure. 50 cents.—73
Sold by F. P. Green.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signatnre of Chas. H. Fletcher **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Bishop Denounces Card Parties.

Bishop Dubs, of Chicago, after opening the Central Pennsylvania United Evangelical Conference at Lock Haven on Thursday, insisted upon the ministers developing a stronger spiritual life in their respective congregations. A more positive stand, he said, must be taken against the craze for higher criticism, card parties, theatre parties, etc.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY, }

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

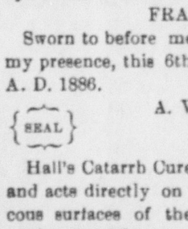
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Apoplexy.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart is effective in apoplectic symptoms. If you have unpleasant dizziness, lightness or sudden rush of blood to the head, take precautions against a recurrence. This great remedy will remove the cause. The press of the land has daily a list of sudden deaths which would not be chronicled if Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart were used.—74

Sold by F. P. Green.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.



Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for $1.25.

Locusts are Coming.

Deputy Secretary Martin, of the state agricultural department, says that the seventeen year locusts are due this summer in many parts of Pennsylvania. Many of the fruit growers are apprehensive of serious damage by these insects and have deferred planting young trees until next spring. Mr. Martin looks for the locust to make its appearance in July or August and says there is no known preventive for it. The insects cause great damage to young fruit trees and the tender branches of large trees.

The Vice of Nagging.

Clouds the happiness of the home, but a nagging woman often needs help. She may be so nervous and run-down in health that trifles annoy her. If she is melancholy, excitable, troubled with loss of appetite, headache, sleeplessness, constipation or fainting and dizzy spells, she needs Electric Bitters, the most wonderful remedy for ailing women. Thousands of sufferers from female troubles, nervous troubles, backache and weak kidneys have used it, and become healthy and happy. Try it. Only 50c Green's Pharmacy guarantee satisfaction.

—Mr. Willis I. Ray of the Hawthorne Musical Club in his impersonation of a Chinese Character was certainly well taken and received one enchor after another for his wonderful musical talent. Mr. L. W. Osgood perhaps the finest violinist that has ever visited Bellefonte was another who certainly deserves special mentioning. These two men alone could please an audience for a whole evening. We can safely say that if this company ever comes to Bellefonte again it will be heartily received with a much larger audience.

Cough Settled on her Lungs.

"My daughter had a terrible cough which settled on her lungs," says N. Jackson, of Danville, Ill. "We tried a great many remedies without relief, until we gave her Foley's Honey and Tar which cured her." Refuse subetitutes. C. M. Parrish.

—The Hawthorn Musical Club concluded the Star course of entertainments Friday evening in the Court House and delighted a large audience. The program was attractive and the individual and concerted work of the organization was exceptionally fine.

Foley's Honey and Tar.

Cures coughs and colds.
Cures bronchitis and asthma.
Cures croup and whooping cough.
Cures hoarseness and bronchial troubles
Cures pneumonia and la grippe. C. M; Parrish.

—Among the twenty or twenty-five applicants for the judicial vacancy in the Cape Nome (Alaska) district occasioned by the dismissal of Judge Arthur Noyes, are Alfred S. Moore, of Beaver, and W. L. Shaffer, of Kane, Pa.

Pneumonia Follows a Cold.

But never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar. It stops the cough, heals and strengthens the lungs and affords perfect security from at attack of pneumonia. Refuse subetitutes. C. M. Parrish.

—The State College basket ball team defeated the Williamsport Y. M. C. A. team at the State College Armory last night by a score of 17 to 12

AWFUL DISASTFR!

Fifteen People Killed on the Southern Pacific Road.

CAUSED BY A BROKEN RAIL

The Passengers in the Sleepers Saved by the Efforts of the Uninjured Passengers—Mail Matter all Destroyed.

TWO FROM THIS STATE INJURED

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., March 8.—A broken rail caused a frightful wreck on the Southern Pacific railroad near Maxon station 25 miles west of Sanderson, at 3 o'clock Friday morning. From the latest accounts received here 15 people were killed outright and 28 more or less injured.

The dead: Three children of Mart Riddle, of Chetopav, Tex.; Estevon Contreras, Del Rio, Tex.; Anton Shelly, wife and child, Loiror, Tex., child of D. E. Housen, Racine, Wis.; Mr. and Mrs White, Manitowoe, Wis.; Engineer A. L. Mast, El Paso, Tex.; Chris Keel, San Antonio; L. A. Boone, news agent, Louisiana.

Among the injured are Mrs. E. M. Sheppard, Glen Mills, Pa., head hurt, and Mrs. Mitchell, Philadelphia, hurt internally.

The ill-fated train left San Antonio at noon Thursday, two and a half hours late and at the time of the accident was running at a high rate of speed in order to make up time. The road at the point where the wreck occurred is in a rough country, the curves being sharp and the grades heavy. It was when rounding a curve that the train left the track, it is said, on account of a broken rail. All the passengers were asleep and the shock that followed was the first intimation they had of the danger.

The train was going at such a rate of speed that the tender and the engine landed 75 feet from where they left the rails. The cars behind piled up against the engine, causing a fire, and all were consumed except the sleepers.

A private car owned by Thos. Ryan, of New York City, whose family was aboard, was attached to the rear of the train, but it was pulled away before the fire reached it and no one in it was injured.

All the injured in the coaches just behind the express and baggage cars were cremated. The people in the sleepers were saved with the assistance of the uninjured passengers.

The wrecked train was the Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio west bound passenger, and consisted of an engine, mail car, baggage car, one coach, one chair car, three tourist sleepers, one Pullman sleeper and one private car.

The mail car, the baggage car and coaches were piled together and were ablaze in a few seconds. It was impossible to remove any of the coaches or the tourist cars as they were all off the rails and were soon consumed by the flames.

As soon as it was possible to get in communication with the division headquarters, relief trains with surgeons and physicians were started from El Paso, Del Rio and Sanderson, picking up along the line all the surgeons that could be found.

All the injured who were in a condition to be moved were sent to El Paso, where they are receiving careful attention.

Pill-Fame.

10 cents a vial for Dr Agnew's Liver Pills would not make them the fame they enjoy today if the curative powers were not in them. Worth will get to the top and that accounts for the wonderful demand for these little gems. They positively cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache. 100 pills in 25 cent size.—75

Sold by F. Potts Green.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A HAPPY ENDING

Headached Always—Eyesight Poor—Nerves Upset—Generally Miserable—Years of Trouble Happily Ended.

Mrs. William L. Smith of No. 1220 Erie Ave., Williamsport, a ., says:—"My little daughter Sophia had for almost a year been complaining of her eyes troubling her. They looked all right but seemed to ache all the time and there was a puffing below the eyes and she felt tired all the time. I got a box of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills and gave her some of them. She has not since complained of her eyes-the puffiness has disappeared and she seems bright and cheerful. I cannot speak too highly of them."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

Mirth is an almost infallible sign of good health. A sick woman may force a smile or at times be moved to laughter. But when a woman is bubbling over with mirth and merriment she is surely a well woman.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has made thousands of melancholy and miserable women cheerful and happy, by curing the painful womanly diseases which undermine a woman's health and strength. It establishes regularity and so does away with monthly misery. It dries debilitating drains and so cures the cause of much womanly weakness. It heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures the bearing-down pains, which are such a source of suffering to sick women.

"I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for female weakness," writes Mrs. Susannah Permenter, of Pauls Store, Shelby Co., Texas. "I was troubled with bearing-down pains in my back and hips for six years, and I wrote to Doctor Pierce for advice. I tried his 'Favorite Prescription' and six bottles cured me. I feel like a new person and I thank Dr. Pierce for my health. Life is a burden to any one without health. I have told a great many of my friends about the great medicine I took."

Accept no substitute for "Favorite Prescription." There is nothing "just as good."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper covered book, or 31 stamps for the cloth bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

GAMBLING SYSTEMS.

There Never Was One Devised That Can Beat the Bank.

When a system is played against a bank like that at Monte Carlo, the percentage against the player is not on the amount of his capital, but on the amount that he stakes on the tables while playing his system. Supposing that I have a capital of £10, and that I play £1 each coup until I have either lost my £10 or won a similar amount of the bank. I should in all probability have to play about 200 coups in order to do the one or the other. Therefore the percentage against me would not be on £10, but on £200. If this bank percentage were 2 per cent, I should consequently be paying £4 for the right to risk £10 at even chances.

I used to know long ago one of the chiefs of the old Homburg gambling bank. I found him at Monte Carlo in the same position there. He was fond of calculations, and one day we averaged the amount staked at the tables each day, and we found that the annual gross profit of the bank was almost exactly the percentage on the amount staked in the course of the year. There can be no business in which the return is more certain or greater. Consols return less than 3 per cent per annum. A mine that pays a dividend of 100 per cent is a Pactolus. But a coup at Monte Carlo takes a little less than a minute. The percentage is, if I remember rightly, a little under 2 per cent, or, in other words, the bank charges 2 per cent for money per minute. This must make the mouth of the veriest usurer water.—London Truth.

A Shot That Made Trouble.

An odd incident happened in the then Danish West Indies about a quarter of a century ago that nearly caused serious international complications. An American marksman, paying a visit to Charlotte Amalia, amused the governor by an exhibition of his skill with the rifle. Sitting on the veranda of the government house, he said that he could cut with a bullet the signal halyards on the flagstaff of the fort and lower the Danish standard to the ground. As the lines were almost invisible in the distance the governor was willing to bet that he could not do it. The shot rang out, and the flag fell.

Presently a horseman dashed up, informing the governor that some one had fired on the flag. There was great excitement. The governor, none too popular, it seems, with the military, ruined his political future by admitting that the affair was a joke in which he connived. Report being sent to Copenhagen, highly colored, of course, by the commandant, his excellency was summarily removed.—New York Press.

WE HAVE HEARD OF IT BEFORE

There is no necessity for us to suffer pain and endure useless agony. There is a remedy for all aches and pains—for Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Pleurisy, Soreness, Stiffness, Headache, Backache, Pains in the Limbs and Pains in the Feet, that remedy is

St. Jacobs Oil

It never fails. It acts like magic. Instantaneous relief from pain always follows. It has cured thousands of cases which had been given up as incurable. One trial will convince any sufferer that St. Jacobs Oil

Conquers Pain

Price, 25c and 50c.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

UNDER THE BEAUTIFUL.

The Entire State Suffers from the Great Snow Storm.

A HIGH WIND ALSO PREVAILS

Clear Across the Keystone State the Storm Raged with Great Fury and in Many Towns the Situation is Very Bad.

REPORTS FROM VARIOUS PLACES

Wednesday's snow storm was the heaviest for the winter, and, indeed, it puzzles the "oldest inhabitant" to recall any previous snow fall that topped Wednesday's contribution. In Bellefonte and vicinity the average depth is given as twenty inches. Beyond impeding railroad traffic on the Bald Eagle Valley and the C. R. R of Pa. lines and the temporary annulment of train service on the Montandon route and the Bellefonte Central, no particular local damage was done by the storm. It is the aftermath, the departure of the snow so to speak, that concerns those whose residence, or place of business, is located within the high water limits of our turbulent—at times—stream's. The storm was general and is said to have originated in Texas which doubtless accounts for its magnitude.

PHILADELPHIA, March 6.—With the exception of the state, the entire commonwealth of Pennsylvania was Wednesday in the grasp of the heaviest snow storm of the winter. Railroad travel is practically tied up in many places and the indications for today are not encouraging.

At the Pennsylvania railroad offices in this city the information was given out that all trains from the west are six to seven hours late. Trains to the west from here are leaving on time. Snow, sleet, rain and high winds were the conditions that prevailed in this city and vicinity the past twenty-four hours. Snow began falling late Tuesday night and early Wednesday morning it turned to sleet and later to rain. Street railway and suburban steam railway travel was more or less irregular. The fall of snow, however, was light compared with the snow fall in the interior and western part of the state.

LEWISTOWN, March 5.—The worst snow storm in many years was experienced here today. The snow fell steadily all day and to-night has reached a depth of eighteen inches and is still falling. A high wind accompanied the snow making immense drifts. All roads leading into the city are blocked and business generally has been suspended. Trains on the middle division of the Pennsylvania railroad and its branches are delayed many hours, The Lewistown and Reedsville Trolley company only succeeded in moving a few cars to-day and no attempt was made to run cars tonight.

READING, March 5.—7 foot of snow fell here today. Some drifting is reported in the rural districts and the trains coming in report drifts along the line from two to three feet deep, but the snow being soft no trouble was experienced in getting here. The cars of the Union Traction company were unable to run, although the sweepers were out early. Some of these that started out became stalled at different places and traffic in the city was practically at a standstill.

HARRISBURG, March 5.—This city is in the grip of an old time snow storm that has tied up traffic on the street car lines and is causing great delay on the steam railroads. The storm broke over the city last night and continued all day, blockading the streets and causing much suffering among the people in the lowlands which are still covered with water from the flood. To protect the city water supply, the department today ordered that all elevators be closed until further notice.

WILLIAMSPORT, March 5.—Snow began falling at 5 o'clock this morning and at 9 o'clock tonight had reached a depth of 16 inches. A stong wind is blowing and the snow is piling up in drifts. All trains on the Philadelphia and Erie, Reading, Northern Central and Fall Brook and Beech Creek divisions of the New York Central are delayed from fifteen minutes to one hour.

—Congressman Rufus K. Polk, of Danville, representing the Seventh Pennsylvania Congressional district, died suddenly in Philadelphia Wednesday night. He was born in Nashville, Tenn., in 1866 and was a direct descendant of President James K. Polk.

—Mrs. Collis P. Huntingdon, widow of the late railroad magnate, has just paid $30,000 duty on the gowns she brought from Europe. This is the record in customs duties for one woman and it was paid without a protest, the payment being in cash as the customs rules prohibit the use of checks or drafts.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Getting Thin

is all right, if you are too fat; and all wrong, if too thin already.

Fat, enough for your habit, is healthy; a little more, or less, is no great harm. Too fat, consult a doctor; too thin, persistently thin, no matter what cause, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil.

There are many causes of getting too thin; they all come under these two heads: overwork and under-digestion.

Stop over-work, if you can; but, whether you can or not, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, to balance yourself with your work. You can't live on it—true—but, by it, you can. There's a limit, however; you'll pay for it

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is the readiest cure for "can't eat," unless it comes of your doing no work—you can't long be well and strong, without some sort of activity.

The genuine has this picture on it, take no other.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample. its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE
Chemists,
409 Pearl Street,
New York.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

Diluting Tea.

Few housekeepers remember, as they should, that when it is necessary to dilute strong tea it should be done with water at the boiling point. The poor flavor of tea, made strong at first and then reduced, such as is too often served at receptions and "at homes," is usually caused by the addition of hot, not boiling, water to the first infusion.

A lesson in this matter may be had from the Russians, who serve the most delicious tea in the world, and who prepare it first very strong, making it almost an essence of tea. This is diluted to the strength wished, with water kept boiling in the samovar. This water is not allowed to boil and reboil, but is renewed as needed. Freshly boiled water is insisted upon by all connoisseurs in tea-making.

Raw or Inflamed Lungs.

Yield rapidly to the wonderful curative and healing qualities of Foley's Honey and Tar. It prevents pneumonia and consumption from a hard cold settled on the lungs. C. M. Parrish.

Use It Daily.

Our brush should be used daily in place of the ordinary hair brush, hair washes, or hair growers. If you do not find, after six months' trial, that

Dr. Scott's ELECTRIC Hair Brush

will do all we claim for it send it back and your money will be refunded. You can buy the number one size for

One Dollar.

It Is Guaranteed to Cure

Nervous Headache in five minutes!
Bilious Headache in five minutes!
Neuralgia in five minutes!
Dandruff and diseases of the scalp!
Prevents falling hair and baldness!
Makes the hair long and glossy!

For sale at Dry Goods stores and Druggists or sent on approval, postpaid, on receipt of price and ten cents for postage.

Our book, "THE DOCTOR'S STORY," sent free on request. Dr. Scott's Electric Hair Brushes, $1, $1.50, and $2.00. Electric Corsets, $1, $1.50, $2, and $3.00. Electric Suspenders, $1. Electric Belts, $5, $8, and $10. Electric Corsets, $1, $1.50, $2, and $3.00. Electric Insole Insoles, 25c. Electric Plasters, 25c.

GEO. A. SCOTT, 842 Broadway, N. Y.

The Bellefonte Republican

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.00 per annum.

BY WILBUR F. HARRIS.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	$12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

WILBUR F. HARRIS.

County Committee.

The following named gentlemen compose the Republican Executive Committee of Centre County for the year 1902.

WILBUR F. REEDER, Chairman, Bellefonte.
Henry C. Quigley, Secretary, Bellefonte.
Harry Keller, G. W. Rees, J. Thomas Mitchell } Ass't Sec's, Bellefonte.

DISTRICT.	NAME	ADDRESS.
Bellefonte, N W	F. C. Williams	Bellefonte
" S W	John Houser	"
" W W	Earle C Tuten,	"
Centre Hall boro	C F Deinlinger	Centre Hall
Milesburg "	Alfred S Smith	Milesburg
Millheim "	J Spigelmyer	Millheim
Howard "	Robert Cook, Jr.	Howard
Philipsburg 1 w	C T Fryberger	Philipsburg
" " 2 "	Geo E Lamb	Philipsburg
" " 3 "	Harry Platt	
South Philipsburg	Ira Stover	Philipsburg
College boro	Philip D Foster	State College
Unionville Boro	Howard Holzworth	Fleming
Benner twp, N P	David Rothrock	Bellefonte
Benner twp, S P	David Rhinesmith	
Boggs Twp N P	Thos. Malone	Yarnell
Boggs Twp E P	H R Curtin	Roland
Boggs Twp W P	Scott Walters	Milesburg
Burnside Twp	D G Stewart	Moshannon
College Twp	Wm. Thompson, Jr.	Lemont
Curtin "	R C Daley	Romola
Ferguson Twp	E P. A Stine Walker, P G Mills	
Ferguson "	W P. A M. Grazier	Gatesburg
Gregg "	N P Isaac Long	Madisonburg
Gregg "	E P. Jos. K. Bitner	Penn Hall
Gregg "	W P. Wm Allison	Spring Mills
Haines "	E P. J C F Motz	Woodward
Haines "	W P. Jas F Weaver	Aaronsbg
Half Moon "	J A Thompson,	Stormstown
Harris "	Scott Bricker	Boalsburg
Howard "	Ralph Schenck	Howard
Huston "	G G Fink	Martha
Liberty "	H A Snyder	Blanchard
Marion "	Samuel Aley	Walker
Miles E P	M W Adams	Livonia
" M. P.	Clem. H.	Gramley Rebersburg
" W. P	Reuben Grimm	Madisonburg
Patton	John W Balsor	Benore
Penn "	T B Motz	Coburn
Potter Twp N P	James Stahl	Centre Hall
Potter " S P	Alexander McCoy	Potters Mills
" " W P	John T Smith.	Colyer
Rush " N P	David Kinkead	Philipsburg
Rush " S P	Isaiah Woodle,	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe E P	W A Sickle	Snow Shoe
" W P	Alonzo Grove	Moshannon
Spring Twp N P	Anthony Dusling	Bellefonte
Spring " S P	John Bilger	Pleasant Gap
Spring " W P	William Hampton	Bellefonte
Taylor "	A R Price	Hannah Furnace
Union "	E P Barton	Fleming
Worth "	H C Woodring	Port Matilda
Walker " M P.	Irvin Yarnell	Hublersburg
" " J P.	L E Rogers	Nittany
" " W P.	Christ Decker	Zion

EDITORIAL.

PRINCE HENRY can well say of his visit to the United States, *Veni, vidi, vici.*

Pennsylvania's "I was not bribed" governor has seemingly retired to the haunts of impenetrable solitude to soothe the sorrows of a blighted political ambition.

WILLIAM FLINN, whose record as a political gymnast culminated in an inglorious defeat at the spring election in Pittsburg has, in the phrase of the day, gone away back and squatulated.

SENATOR TELLER'S recent speech on the Philippine question fills twenty six pages in the *Congressional Record*, and contains seventy-five thousand words. With the exception of a few documents and statistics the speech is said to have been entirely etemporaneous.

AN anxious inquirer asks if Governor Stone uses oleo at the dinners he serves to his machine cronies. We suggest that the anxious inquirer address his query to John Hamilton, agricultural department, Harrisburg or to his home address, "Oleo Grange," State College, Centre Co. Pa.

The Houses of Congress are said to be full of germs and microbes. As the germ of tetanus-tetanus is lock-jaw you know—is not enumerated among the variety infesting the national legislative halls it is hardly likely that the statement will be regarded as an established fact, at least, not while Congress is in session.

HE "FARMS THE FARMERS."

Why can't the overly exacting Grangers quit prodding Hamilton?

Don't they know he'd be discharged if he attempted to be a real secretary of agriculture?

The machine put him in there to "farm the farmers," and he's too good a soldier of the Gang to disobey.—North American.

PUBLIC HONESTY ABOVE PAR.

A druggist in Lansing, Michigan, who believes in public honesty, has this sign in his stone over a box with compartments for postage stamps:

"Help yourself and make your own change If you cannot make change, call a clerk."

In two weeks operation at the plan only four cents has been lost, presumably through accident. The scheme saves time for the clerks and for the customers, for many times when the purchaser wants only one stamp and wants it in a hurry there may be a long wait because the clerks are busy,

There is a popular lunch room in Washington, D. C., much patronized by the government clerks, where all food is placed on counters and the customers help themselves, paying the cashier according to their order and their consciences after the meal is over. The plan works well and no money is lost. It is refreshing to find now and then a man, or men, who display such marked confidence in the honesty of the general public. Much of the dishonestly that is supposed to exist among men is established upon suspicion and not upon fact. There are people who regard every one with distrust. These it is safe to say require watching themselves and they form the major part at our dishonest contingent.

FOR HUMANITY'S SAKE.

Governor-General Taft says that the only glory the United States can get out of the Philippines will come in the knowledge that we have taken up our share of "White Man's Burden" and can justify ourselves on the ground that we are bringing an uncivilized people out of the bondage of ignorance and savagery. He says the intervention of the United States in the island was the best thing that could have happened to the Filipinos, but that it would have been better for our country if we had not gone there.

THE OFFICE SHOULD SEEK THE MAN.

The persistent purpose of a corrupt Machine to nominate Attorney General Elkin for Governor in face of his official record once more betrays the Machine estimate of the character of the people of Pennsylvania. What now behooves the fusion elements of the State is to make no mistake in the choice of a candidate. This is a time above all others in which the nomination should seek the candidates.—Phila. Record.

CURRENT POLITICAL NOTES.

We simply publish the following protests to show our readers that independent republicans are not by any means the only class of upright citizens who are opposing Elkin but that many of the best known and most pronounced stalwart republicans are his avowed opponents. The editor of the TRADE BULLETIN has in his possession fully 1000 letters from prominent Patrons, farmers and dairymen who are supporters of the Republican party-all of whom object to Mr. Elkin in most positive terms. Many of the writers of these communications have always, they say, voted the straight ticket but if Jno. P. Elkin is forced on the party they will oppose him as well as other individuals who are unfortunate enough to be selected as his running mates.

HONEST STALWARTS AS WELL AS INDEPENDENT REPUBLICANS OPPOSE ELKIN.

Energetic efforts have been made by a small clique of politicians who strive to pose before the public as representative republicans and make it appear that the only genuine opposition to their intimate friend and associate Attorney General Elkin for Governor comes from independent republicans.

"Party-wreckers, disgruntled place hunters", and "kickers" are some of the terms applied to gentlemen who protest against Elkins forced nomination.

Protests from honest and discriminating gentlemen such as Congressman Acheson, of Washington, Co., ex-Attorney General Henry C. McCormick, of Lycoming, and other equally reliable citizens in close touch with public sentiment and state political affairs, as to danger of nominating Elkin are scoffed at by the Elkin clan.

These Elkin advocates attempted at first to have the State Central Committee call the State Republican convention at an early and untimely date. This proposition raised such a storm of disproval that the subject was quickly abandoned. Early in January last the date of the Republican State Convention was fixed for June 4th.

When this detail was arranged Mr. Elkins boon companions—some of whom have most discreditable public records—exhausted every effort to get "snap judgment," as it were, by calling early primaries with the hope of electing Elkin delegates before the masses of the party would be interested in the selection of a candidate.

Governor Stone had made such an asinine exhibition of what a typical machine—made Executive could do that respectable and honest republicans bowed their heads in disgust and flatly refused to attend primary elections.

This inaction has enabled the Elkin-Stone-Hamilton-Oleo crowd to elect a dozen or more delegates from strong republican counties where, November next, if such a calamity should happen that Elkin is named for Governor, they would snow him under even worse than the Flinn-Stone-Elkin ticket was recently overwhelmed in Pittsburg.

This game of peanut politics by a band of pigmy spoilsmen who adhere to the republican party for mercenary purposes has at last awakened a storm of resentment which is sweeping over the Commonwealth like a Simoon across the arid sands of Sahara.

Public indignation is plainly evidenced by the following abstracts of interviews from well-known Republicans in various sections of the State. These words of warning come from representative Republicans whose public and private records are not besmirched with bribery, oleo deals, pay-roll padding, Legislative Record falsefying and peculation which threatens success of the republican party if heroic measures are not quickly taken to retire a band of venal and unscrupulous men who endeavor to fill their pockets at public expense.

Ex-Lieut. Gov. Walter Lyon, of Pittsburg says: "He is opposed to nomination of Elkin who if placed at head of ticket could not be elected; but his candidacy would cause defeat of many republican members of Legislature and probably the loss of a Republican in U. S. Senate."

Lieut. Gov. Gen. Gobin, of Lebanon says: It will be suicidal to force a man like Elkin on the party; if it is done Lebanon and several other republican counties he has visited will snow him under and defeat republican congressmen as well as members of the General Assembly.

Representative Nevin Pomeroy an ardent republican and editor of the "Franklin Repository" is emulating Tom Cooper's example and swinging a warning red lantern against the recklessness of the Republican bosses.

Referring to conditions in editor Pomeroy's bailiwick an exchange says:

"Franklin county, which at one time was good for 1,500 to 2,000 Republican majority, seems to be rapidly drifting from its Republican moorings. The county went for Fusion last fall and elected a Democratic Sheriff. On Tuesday last most of the townships in the county went Democratic, and the Democrats carried the borough of Chambersburg for the first time in twenty-seven years, electing five out of the eight Councilmen. The Democrats and Independents say that if a delegation is sent to the Republican State convention for Elkin and indorsing all of the vicious acts of the Stone administration, that they will easily elect the big county ticket to be chosen this fall."

Assemblyman P. A. Philbin, of Lackawanna, county, who under the pressure of regularity supported Marshall for Speaker but could not be controlled by the Machine for bad bills or against good ones, has this to say in "The Archbald Citizen," of which he is editor:

Nearly every newspaper in the State professes to see in the election of Tuesday a warning to Attorney General Elkin that he is not wanted as a candidate for Governor. Although he was not an active participant in the disastrous Pittsburg campaign, yet his connection with the present State administration and the belief that it was part of the arrangement between Governor Stone and Senator Flinn that the delegates from Allegheny and Pittsburg should be delivered to him at the State convention—these circumstances, it is thought, bind his fate with the fate of his friends to a degree that makes him unavailable as a candidate. It is certain that he cannot win without the assistance of the section that now seems intent upon repudiating his friends, and we believe he would do well to withdraw from the field and trust to the future. Even if he should be nominated it is certain that his party will lose Congressmen and Assemblymen in doubtful districts, and possibly a Governor and a United States Senator. This would be a rather high price to pay for the nomination of any man, especially when there are so many other Republicans in the State who can be elected without any danger to themselves or to their party.

Hon. Tom Cooper, who will be renominated for the Legislature in Delaware county by the republicans, again and since Pittsburg municipal election swings his red lantern of warning against the plan to force Elkin on the Republican State convention, and in the current issue of his Delaware County American says: "The feeling in Pittsburg is but a reflection of that in all the counties around it, and just now a big red lantern is swinging, calling for the State organization to move slowly and surely in the matter of a State ticket. We must have a good one."

Mr. Cooper believes either Senator Cameron or Hon. L. A. Watres would make an ideal candidate for Governor around whom the party factions could rally.

Mr. Frank A. Torrence, chairman of Allegheny city Republican Committee says:

"I agree with Mr. Lyon that Congressman Jack's estimate that the Pittsburg election result was due to local causes is wrong. It was a protest against party affairs in the State. The feeling is against Elkin and Stone as well as Flinn and it was duly and properly recorded. The primary election result belongs to the strongest faction in the party, but a general election is the people's.

"As to Mr. Watres' candidacy, I have never heard anything but good of him, and one of the strongest features in his candidacy is the fact that he was elected Lieutenant Governor on the Republican ticket when the head of the ticket was badly defeated.

"I am a Republican, always have been, and hope to be always, but I constrained to say that a State ticket promulgated by deals and agreements on the part of the Administration would meet at the hands of the State at large the same treatment that the Pittsburg city ticket did on the 18th. The result of that municipal election is the handwriting on the wall."

The "*Phila. Press*" tells us one of Mr. Elkins warm friends in Pittsburg expresses the following opinion:

"The prevailing opinion is that Mr. Elkin will now withdraw from the Gubernatorial race. Danger of a revolt in this county in November, as great as yesterday's will threaten him. At least, that is the opinion of Thomas S. Bigelow, who is one of Mr. Elkin's friends. He thinks, as he put it today, that the Attorney General has read the "handwriting on the wall" of Allegheny county."

Hon. Isaiah R. Halderman of Montgomery county says:

"The last House at Harrisburg was organized by a single vote, after direct and indirect aid from six Democrats, and the Senators had just six votes to spare. Only the Presidential campaign saved the State for the Republicans.

"There will not be a Presidential election this year. Elkin, with the State Administration and the Pittsburg combination back of him, can be nominated and no doubt elected, but what will the result be? A Democratic Legislature. It will not end here. It will mean the sacrificing of many county officers throughout the State. Let us have peace and James B. Holland for Governor."

This editorial of Haldeman's has created consternation in machine circles.

State Senator A. G. Williams, of Butler, said he does not see how, in the face of the returns in Pittsburg, Elkin can have or even hope for any support in Western Pennsylvania "Butler County will likely send a solid anti-Elkin delegation to the Republican State Convention," he said. "I believe that Elkin will withdraw from the race for Governor of his own will and at the request of his political friends throughout the State."

Assemblyman Joel Crawford, of Armstrong County, said Elkin has no delegates from that county, that the Pittsburg election sealed his fate and that of Governor Stone, politically. Dr. D. M. Anderson, of Westmoreland county, said the sentiment there is strong against Elkin or any other candidate for Governor who may be identified with the administration of Stone. He declares the situation in Westmoreland county has been misrepresented.

Ex. U. S. Senator J. D. Cameron of Dauphin Co. thinks its foolish to talk of nominating Elkin.

Cameron is a staunch friend of Watres, and has repeatedly told his friends that the safe thing for the Republican party to do this year is to nominate a man who will unite the party, and not take up a man who has been prominent as a factionist. He points to Watres' ability as a leader in the fact that after the disastrous Delamater campaign in 1890 Watres took hold of the State chairmanship the next year and won a signal victory for the party.—Grange Bulletin.

KILLING A LION.

A Shot at Short Range Upon Which Much Depended.

An Englishman who lived many years in Africa relates a thrilling experience which befell his family there. His home at the time was in the edge of the Transvaal wilderness, and it was there that the event occurred.

One evening about dusk my wife and child were sitting on the veranda of the bungalow. I was engaged a few rods away putting the finishing touches to a bit of wagon repairing. The servants were at the rear of the house. It was one of those peculiarly quiet evenings when nothing seems to break the stillness.

Suddenly I felt, rather than saw, something moving near the veranda. I looked more closely and to my horror perceived an enormous lion stealing along the ground in the direction of my wife and child. My wife saw the creature at the same instant and, despite her terror, fortunately remained perfectly motionless and silent.

Scarcely knowing what to do, I hastily crept toward the side of the bungalow to the open window of my room, where I knew a loaded rifle was leaning against the wall. I climbed in at the window, seized the rifle and leaped by another window upon the veranda.

There was no time to think. The lion was within a few feet of my dear ones and crouching for a spring. I called softly to my wife not to move and then fired.

The ball passed directly over my boy's head and lodged in the forehead of the lion immediately above the eyes and stretched him on the ground.

There was an instant of fearful suspense. Then I fired again, but the second bullet was not necessary, for the lion had been killed at the first shot.

His Momentary Surprise.

"Your vote in favor of this measure," said the lobbyist, "would be worth millions to you"—

"Hardly so much as that!" gasped Senator Graphter, his fingers working convulsively.

—"in the consciousness of having done your duty to your countrymen."

The eager light died out of the senator's eyes, and he relapsed into his former apathy.—Chicago Tribune.

Pleasant For the Caller.

"Mamma is dressing."

"Why, she needn't have dressed just for me, dearie."

"She knows that, but she said the more time she killed in dressing the less time you'd have to bore her."—Indianapolis News.

BREAD AND BRIDES.

THE PARTS VIANDS PLAY IN MARRIAGE CEREMONIES.

Sweetheart Cakes of a Dutch Damsel—Egyptian Bridegrooms Must Work For Their Supper—Wine In China—Married by Candy.

The important part which different viands play in marriage ceremonies makes rather an interesting story.

For example, the Swedish bride fills her pocket with bread, which she dispenses to every one she meets on her way to church, every piece she gives away averting, as she believes, a misfortune.

On the threshold of her new home a bride in Servia is presented with a plate of bonbons, one of which she and the bridegroom share between them, the divided bonbon signifying that no bitterness shall divide them. A sieve of wheat corn is also given to the bride. Of this she takes three handfuls, throws it over her head, emptying the sieve upon the ground. The scattered corn denotes that the bride brings joy and prosperity into her new home. The bride is still outside the door, nor can she enter until she has placed two loaves of bread beneath her arms and taken a bottle of wine into her hands. With these emblems she at length crosses the threshold of her future home. At the first meal of the newly married pair bread and wine must be taken by both to denote that thenceforward all they have shall be equally divided between them and that their married life shall be passed in unity and fidelity.

A Russian wooing culminates in the betrothal feast, at which the bride elect in return for a long tress of hair which she has given to the bridegroom receives bread and salt and an almond cake.

In Holland if a young man is in love with a girl and wishes to ask her hand in marriage he buys a small sweet cake and, wrapping it up in soft paper, proceeds to the house of his inamorata. He is ushered into the midst of the family circle. Without a word he walks up to the young lady and lays the cake on the table before her. The rest of the family affect not to notice anything unusual and continue their work or their reading. The young man turns aside and talks to the father or mother on some very ordinary subject, keeping his eyes eagerly fixed on the girl while he is conversing. If she accepts his offer, she takes up the cake and eats it. If she is a coquettish damsel, she tortures the young man by turning it over and playing with it before she decides to taste it and then enraptures him by eating it to the last crumb. If, on the other hand, she wishes to have nothing more to do with her admirer, she puts it back on the table. The young man takes up the cake and, with a "Vaarvoal byzamen," leaves the house. The matter is then kept a profound secret by both families, and the outer world never hears of it. In place of a wedding cake in Holland wedding candies are given—"bruid zuikers" they are called. They are passed around by children and are served in flower trimmed baskets.

Bride pudding is the name of the piece de resistance served at a Norse peasant wedding. This is not brought on the table until the last day of the festivities, three or five days being given up to feasting and merrymaking. The appearance of the bride pudding is the signal of dismissal, and at the close of the feast the guests say farewell, presenting at the same time their gifts, which consist of cash. This the bride receives, the bridegroom presenting each donor with a glass of wine.

Partaking of two tiny glasses of wine is all the ceremony necessary to make a marriage in some Chinese provinces, provided a quantity of fireworks are set off. These are to wake the "great joss" from his sleep that he may witness the ceremony.

At a Hebrew wedding man and wife sip from one cup of wine, symbolizing participation in the joys and pain of earthly life. The emptied goblet is placed on the floor and crushed into a thousand pieces by the bridegroom, who thus shows that he will put his foot on all evils that may enter the family circle.

At an Egyptian wedding feast meat is not eaten because of the belief that it would lead to future bickerings between them. Eggs, fruits and sweets are served. The first meal in the new house cannot be touched until, after every device known to the bridegroom, the bride has been at last induced to speak. Once she utters a word, he claps his hands, and supper is brought to them.

Married by candy is the plan in Burma. Of all marriage rites this takes the palm for conciseness and sweet simplicity. Here the dusky lady takes the initiative. Seeing a youth who pleases her, she offers him a sweet. If he accepts her proposal, he promptly eats the token of affection, and they are thereby made man and wife. In the act of eating alone this most primitive rite consists. If the youth be not favorably disposed, he remarks with all gallantry that that particular candy is not to his taste, and the matter is ended. In Mandalay three weeks after a marriage kinsmen bring the bridegroom a bowl of rice, a vessel of wine and a fowl, much of which collation is sacrificed to the spirits of ancestors.

A Bagoda bride—in the Philippines—if she be good looking and the daughter of a warrior, is sold by her father for about $30, which sum is not given in money, but in vegetables and chickens. One way of estimating such things is at the price of a brass gong. Such a gong is worth thirty silver dollars, and it is a valuable maiden indeed who will bring two brass gongs.—What to Eat.

BOATS BEFORE THE ARK.

Paintings In Egypt Show That Noah Did Not Invent Ships.

It is popularly supposed that Noah's ark is the first ship of which we have any record, but Egypt, that land of mysteries and surprises, shows paintings of boats that were built and navigated at a far earlier period than 2840 B. C., which is the date usually assigned to the flood. It may have been one of her boats thus pictured that provided Noah and his three sons with a proper model for the ark, though the proportions must have been different or fewer animals must have existed.

J. de Morgan, the French Egyptologist, several years ago discovered in brick vaults near Cairo a number of boats that are certainly as old as the date at which the ark was built and perhaps a bit older. They are, it is true, but small craft, measuring 33 feet long, 7 or 8 wide and 30 to 36 inches deep. They resemble in general form the pictures painted by early Egyptian artists, which show what boats were used seventy and even eighty centuries ago. And today when the fellah steps aboard his small oar propelled skiff he uses a vessel the shape of which has been little impoved during the ages that have passed since the shepherd kings ruled the valley of the Nile.—Philadelphia North American.

Shoddy Boots.

Boots and shoes in England have been subject to a very considerable fall in prices of late years. Partly this is owing to the use of machinery, partly to the employment of lads where men used to do the work, partly to the use of what was formerly waste material and partly to sheer dodgery and trickery. Men's lace boots are now to be bought for 2s. 11d. They are made of leather, too, and to look at them you might think it genuine enough.

The truth is, however, the uppers are made of what are known as "center splits," and the soles are an artificial compound of leather waste. The "center splits" are very ingenious forms of shoddy. Good, honest skins are cunningly split into three thicknesses. The center sheet is soft and spongy and has no natural grain upon it. But this defect in its appearance is supplied by a process of printing which produces a surface "grain" and makes it, to the inexperienced eye, just like ordinary leather. It is then made up into boots that give every promise of good service, a promise to the eye, to parody Macbeth—pretty certainly destined to be broken to the hope.—Chambers' Journal.

Thunderstorms at Sea.

An electric storm at sea is one of the alarming experiences to which a mariner is exposed, but as a matter of record it is one that is least fruitful in disastrous results. As a rule few precautions are taken to guard against a stroke of lightning, especially in the merchant service. Ships of war are usually fitted with lightning conductors, a precaution made necessary by the explosives stored away in their magazines. But these safeguards are seldom seen on a merchant vessel, and, judging by the extreme rarity of the cases where they have been struck, Jack's claim that he is safer on the ocean than on shore during an electrical disturbance must be admitted.

It is a well established theory that one caught in a thunderstorm should not take shelter under a tall tree, especially if it stands in a clearing. Why lightning should strike an isolated piece of timber on shore and spare it after it has been converted into a vessel's mast is yet to be satisfactorily explained.

Manhattan Full of Holes.

Manhattan Island is like an enormous coal mine, with intricate galleries and apartments underground. A large group of curious subterranean rooms and passages is to be found at the foot of Broadway, extending out laterally to the east and west. An almost continuous line of them follows Broadway. Several of the banks and trust companies have offices fitted up below the crowded sidewalks, where rows of clerks work silently, unmindful of the rush and turmoil above their heads. In the safe deposit vaults built below the pavements of Broadway, Wall, Nassau and Broad streets are stored millions of dollars' worth of securities, over which the crowds hurry all day heedlessly.

A Strange Flower.

A strange flower has been borne by a Malmaison rosebush growing in a garden at Violet Hill, Stowmarket, England. The bush was close to an apple tree, and on one of the largest buds bursting into bloom five perfect apple blossoms, each on separate stalks, were seen growing in the center. As the petals of the rose developed the apple blossoms opened, the two forming a curious contrast.

The Lacebark Tree.

The lacebark tree grows in the West Indies. It is a lofty tree, with ovate, entire, smooth leaves and white flowers. It is remarkable for the tenacity of its inner bark and the readiness with which the inner bark may be separated—after maceration in water—into layers resembling lace. A governor of Jamaica is said to have presented to Charles II. a cravat, frill and ruffles made of it.

Razor Edged.

"Is Miss Caustique still sharp in her manner toward you?"

"I should say so. Why, she's grown so sharp that now she cuts me whenever we meet."—New York World.

Ready For the "Yes."

Madge—Have you given Jack your final answer yet?

Mabel—Not yet—but I have given him my final "No."—Brooklyn Life.

OLD IDEAS ABOUT GEMS.

Pearls Were Thought to Be Dewdrops Caught by the Shell.

The Indians called rock crystal an "unripe diamond," and until the beginning of the eighteenth century India was thought to be the only land which produced that precious stone. It was not, therefore, until the discovery of India that the diamond was known to us. Yet as far back as 500 B. C. a "didactic history" of precious stones was written, and in Pliny's time the supply must have been plentiful, as he wrote, "We drink out of a mass of gems, and our drinking vessels are formed of emeralds." We are also told that Nero aided his weak sight by spectacles made of emeralds.

But is very difficult to determine whence all the gems came, as discoverers took care to leave no record. The nations who traded in them were afraid of their whereabouts being known, and even the most ancient merchants would not disclose any definite locale. All sorts of myths have accordingly sprung up concerning the origin of gems. "Diamond" was the name given to a youth who was turned into the hardest and most brilliant of substances to preserve him from "the ills that flesh is heir to." Amethyst was a beautiful nymph beloved by Bacchus, but saved from him by Diana, who changed Amethyst into a gem, whereupon Bacchus turned the gem into wine color and endowed the wearer with the gift of preservation from intoxication.

The pearl was thought to be a dewdrop the shell had opened to receive. Amber was said to be honey melted by the sun, dropped into the sea and congealed. According to the Talmud, Noah had no light in the ark but that which came from precious stones.—Gentleman's Magazine.

A Lincoln Reason.

Speaking of gray hair puts me in mind of Bates — Attorney General Bates, you know—and of one of Lincoln's remarks. We were all going one day out from Washington to Tennallytown—the president, Secretary Chase, Mr. Bates and myself—to see General McClellan review the Pennsylvania reserves. Bates' hair, I noticed, had retained its original dark color in perfect freshness, while his beard was almost as white as mine is now. It was an exception to the usual law, and I asked Mr. Bates after he had spoken of the peculiarity if he knew any especial reason for it. He said he didn't, but the president exclaimed laughingly: "Why, don't you know? It's because he uses his chin more than he does his head."—Era.

Misinterpreted.

A Presbyterian minister said at a meeting of the Chicago presbytery that the book of discipline of the church is "the worst book ever published," referring apparently to errors and ambiguities.

"That's right," responded a voice from the rear of the room, but when a gray haired brother arose to protest a wave of laughter swept through the assembly and ended the incident.

He Could Prove It.

"My wife," he said proudly, "can keep a secret as well as any woman on earth."

"Why, man," exclaimed the other fellow, "you know she tells everything she knows!"

"Well, isn't that what I said?"—Baltimore News.

One of Many.

Mr. Gillis—Surely, Miss Gray, you haven't forgotten me already? Why, I proposed to you at the seashore last summer!

Miss Gray (much puzzled)—Can't you recall some other incident?—Judge.

No man can appreciate how another man can be busy when he wants to talk to him.—Atchison Globe.

An Obliging Husband.

"Why do you offer such a large reward for the return of that ugly dog?"

"To please my wife."

"But such a reward is sure to bring him back."

"No, it won't. He's dead."—San Francisco Chronicle.

More Interesting.

"Were you interested in that account of the Washington man who suddenly disappeared?"

"Well, I'd have been more interested in an account of a man who gradually disappeared?"—New York World.

In 1694 the capital of the Bank of England was £1,200,000. It is now £14,500,000.

She Vetoed the Plan.

"Shall we take in Yellowstone park on our bridal tour?" asked the masculine half of the proposed combination.

"No; we'll cut that out," replied the fair bride in prospective. "Yellow is so awfully t.ying on my complexion."—Chicago News.

A Dentist's Epitaph.

Epitaphs are often grim, but seldom grimmer than the following humorous couplet on a dentist's grave:

Stranger, approach this tomb with gravity;
John Brown is filling his last cavity.
—London Globe.

The pessimist calls attention to the fact that the man whose credit is the best really needs no credit at all. He can pay cash.—Saturday Evening Post.

The word "mile" is derived from the Latin "mille," a thousand. A thousand paces of a marching soldier made the old Roman mile.

GAMBLING BY CONGRESSMEN

Very Little Now Compared With Olden Times.

As a matter of fact, there is little or no gambling now in the capitol compared with the conditions of years ago. There used to be a time when certain committee rooms were the rendezvous for poker players, and the games were generally without limit.

Many senators and representatives do not object to a little game now, but they play in the evening and not at the capitol. There were poker stories galore around the capitol in the olden days. One incident became a classic. There was a party in the room of a southern congressman, and the game ran high. A western member opened a jack pot, and the southerner, who was upon his left, came in, together with two other congressmen. The westerner stood pat, whereupon the southerner discarded two cards. The betting began and soon became so swift that only the southerner and the westerner remained. Finally the latter called his colleague, and the hands were shown.

The westerner had opened the pot on four kings. As soon as he stood pat the southerner broke a pair of sixes and held the four, five and six of spades in his hand, hoping against hope to make a spade flush. He was dealt the seven and eight of spades, making a straight flush.

The western member didn't say a word when he learned what had happened, but it was noticeable that he didn't touch a card again during that session.—Washington Post.

A Kitten's Intelligence.

A hungry kitten was put into a cage, the door of which would fall open when a loop of wire that hung in front of the cage was pulled down an inch. The kitten tried to squeeze between the bars, clawed and bit at them, thrust its paws out between the bars and clawed at various loose objects in the cage. It clawed the loop several times, but not with enough force to pull it down. After 160 seconds of such activity, it happened to claw the loop hard enough, and so escaped.

After it had eaten the food outside, it was put into the box again. There was a repetition of the same activities, but the successful movement came this time after thirty seconds. On the next trial, general activity for ninety seconds was required before the kitten escaped. With repeated trials the association between the interior of the box and the act of clawing at the loop became fixed, so that finally the kitten would do it in a few seconds—that is, as soon as put into the box.

This progress is shown in the times taken in the different trials. They were 160, 30, 90, 60, 15, 28, 20, 30, 22, 11, 15, 20, 12, 10, 14, 10, 8, 8, 5, 10, 8, 6, 6 and 7 seconds.—Professor E. L. Thorndike in International Monthly.

A Scotch Antigolf Law.

Scotland, as everybody knows, is the land where golf originated and the land where it most flourishes. But if the law were strictly enforced north of the Tweed it would go hard with the players of the royal game in "Bonnie Scotland." Golf players there may not know it, but they are liable to a sentence of death for their indulgence in their favorite sport. Technically, this is literally a fact. In ancient times, when Scotland always had work for her soldiers to do, all young men were required to perfect themselves in archery. They preferred to play golf, and so serious a rival did the game become that it was for a time suppressed and made a capital offense. That curious law never has been repealed and may still be found on the statute book. There seems to be no record, however, of the law ever having been enforced.

Browning's Care For Health.

Browning never passed a day without taking one or more long walks. Indeed, his panacea for most ills was exercise, and the exercise he chiefly advocated was walking. He wrote:

"I get as nearly angry as it is in me to become with people I love when they trifle with their health—that is, with their life—like children playing with jewels over a bridge side, jewels which once in the water how can we, the poor lookers on, hope to recover? You don't know how absolutely well I am after my walking, not on the mountains merely, but on the beloved Lido. Go there, if only to stand and be blown about by the sea wind."—Century Magazine.

A Fast Growing Vine.

The Kudzu vine is probably the most rapid growing plant in the world. It belongs to the bean family. The leaves look something like a lima bean and was once called Dolichos japonicus. It will grow easily sixty feet in three months. It was introduced into America by the Japanese during the Centennial exhibition. It is said that in its own country it has flowers like bunches of wistaria. For some reason American summers do not seem long enough for it. It rarely blooms.

An Annoying Question.

Teddy—Mamma, Tommy knocked me down on the way home from school today. (After a pause.) But I gave him a bat in the eye!

Mamma—Before he knocked you down, Teddy, or afterward?—Somerville Journal.

Met More Than Half Way.

Dashaway—Well, old man, did you make up with your best girl?

Cleverton—Yes, but I thought I never would succeed in convincing her that I was wrong.—Brooklyn Life.

Character is perfectly well educated will.—

HEALTH VERSUS STRENGTH

A Good Stomach Is Worth More Than Muscular Power.

The strong man was doing some of his most sensational "stunts." Evidently his performance was free from trickery. The muscles spoke for that, and there were ease and enjoyment in all his movements.

"What a splendid fellow!" exclaimed a college student in a front row to his older companion. "I'd give all I expect ever to know of the classics in exchange for that physique. Just think what it means—unlimited endurance and strength. With that and a fair share of brains, there isn't anything a man couldn't accomplish."

The older man smiled at the youngster's enthusiasm.

"You're doing very well as it is," he said. "The battle may generally be to the strong and skillful, but it isn't just muscular strength that counts. To tell you the truth, you've inherited something that is worth more to you than all the mere muscle you could put on in a lifetime. I mean your stomach."

"Yes, of course; that's important, but"—

"It's everything, my boy. Now, suppose I should tell you that that big fellow up there is in greater danger of collapse than you are likely to be if you take fair care of yourself and exercise in moderation."

"How is that possible? He is the picture of health and strength."

"And what do you say to this fellow?" asked the physician, drawing a photograph from his pocket. It was the likeness of an athlete not much the physical inferior of the strong man.

"This chap," continued the medical expert, "came to me for treatment recently. He needed it. The flesh was literally falling off him. He was losing a pound a day. You see, he had suddenly collapsed."

"What was the trouble?"

"Stomach. I'm not telling you anything new, but it's astonishing how much an elemental truth is overlooked. A man is no stronger than his stomach.

"If your stomach isn't far better than that of most Americans, look out! This patient of mine had changed his food, and it came near costing him his life. So don't be too quick to envy the strong man, and go ahead with your classics, not forgetting twenty minutes or so a day of well directed exercise."—New York Herald.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

Onions may be readily transplanted if growing too thick.

Weeds should not be allowed to grow or crusts to form around young fruit trees.

Do not buy any kind of fruit trees or plants simply because they are cheap.

With all transplanting it is important to see that the soil is well filled in around the roots.

Prune spurs to one developed bud, for the nearer the old wood the higher flavored the fruit.

A weak solution of poultry droppings is a wonderful stimulant of plant growth. It may be used weekly with good effect.

Only well rotted manure should be applied around the grapevines. Fresh manure excites the growth, but does not mature it.

Quince trees should be mulched as a protection against extreme heat and cold, as the roots are small and usually near the surface.

In selecting trees to grow as a windbreak it is quite an item to have them of a close growing habit and of as nearly perpetual foliage as possible. Plant a double row.

Turkish Delight.

The oriental sweet called "Turkish delight" that travelers in the east are sure to taste is not difficult to make. Have ready an ounce of gelatin, preferably the clear imported sheet variety, which has been soaked for two hours in a very little cold water. Bring to a boil in a porcelain pot a pound of granulated sugar and half a cupful of cold water, adding the gelatin, and boil till the mixture dropped in cold water can be held in the finger. After it has boiled steadily for fifteen minutes add the juice of one lemon and a tablespoonful of brandy. Pour to cool in a clean tin which has been wet in cold water, cutting the mixture as it stiffens into squares like caramels. Each piece is dusted with powdered sugar or rolled in waxed paper.—New York Post.

No Proof Necessary.

Colonel C. L. Colqueen of Louisiana was halted on the street one day by a gentleman who evidently did not know him.

"Can you tell me," asked the unknown, "who is the best lawyer in town?"

"I am, sir," replied the colonel without hesitation.

The man looked surprised.

"Excuse me," he said; "I should like to have you prove it."

"Don't have to prove it, sir," thundered the colonel; "I admit it."—New York Times.

Deceived.

She—I'd never have married you if you had not deceived me about yourself.

He—Rather you never would have married me had I not deceived myself about you.—Boston Transcript.

It is well enough to make hay while the sun shines, but if there were no rainy weather there would be no hay to make.—Saturday Evening Post.

Every man barked at by a dog is not a thief. Every man talked about by a gossip is not guilty.—Atchison Globe.

REVISING A PROVERB.

Whom the Gods Love Die Not Young, but In Old Age.

Wisdom aspires to age, while the shallow dread its finger marks, half conscious that their weak minds would sink into senility beneath the burden of years. Pæans of praise are paid to youth in forgetfulness of the fact that only the aged can contrast the varying phases of consciousness during the different decades of a century of life. Verily it was a wise poet who sang:

"Whom the gods love die young?" Nay; rather say,
With bated breath, "Whom the gods love die old."
Shall the morn pale ere it hath coined its gold,
The sun go down while yet it is full day,
The statue sleep unmolded in the clay,
The parchment crumble ere it is unrolled,
The story end with half the tale untold,
The song drop mute and breathless by the way?

Nay, nay, nay. Broken lives are surely not the perfected human product of God's great plan. The prophets of the remotest recorded time, the grandeur of whose thought has been the theme of preachers and writers for thousands of years, lived to ages which seem miraculous to moderns. The man who grows old grandly, with grace and good nature, really retains his youth.—Troy Press.

An Accommodating Negro.

A story is told of a priest's experience in a small New England town. The clergyman was just about to retire for the night when he heard a knock at his door. He called "Come in," and a negro presented himself and said rather shamefacedly:

"Father, there is a girl outside. May I bring her in?"

Assent having been given, he disappeared for a moment and returned with a white woman and informed the scandalized priest that they wished to be married.

He was shown the door with promptness, and the girl was severely admonished on the course she was pursuing.

Fifteen minutes later there was another knock, and on opening the door the priest found himself again face to face with the would be colored bridegroom.

With great indignation, the priest said:

"I thought I sent you about your business before!"

The darky paralyzed him with this reply:

"Yes, I know you did, Father James, but Mary and I have talked it over, and we thought maybe you would look at the matter differently if you knew I was willing to turn Irish."—New York Times.

Rivers Which Traverse the Ocean.

In the ocean the longest way round is ofttimes the shortest way home. For instance, if a United States transport were to leave San Francisco for China the most logical course would seem to be straight west across the north Pacific to the land of the Boxers.

But in reality the ship would be steered to the southwest along the equator and past the Philippines to the Asian coast. This course would be several hundred miles longer, yet it would take the vessel to her destination much quicker than the straight course. In the one case she would be going with the current; in the other she would be going against the current.

The ocean is not a simple, pathless expanse over which short cuts may be made, but a system of highways, crossways and even blind alleyways, which have been surveyed and laid out by nature herself.—Ainslee's Magazine.

The Mark of the Hand.

When the hand touches anything, it leaves upon the object touched a representation of that part which came in contact with the object. This impression is not visible to the eye. It is made by the acid of moisture exuded from the skin. If you place the palm of your hand flat on a sheet of blank paper, you may not see the faintest trace of the hand, and many people will be angry at the suggestion that there is any exudation—their hands are perfectly dry, they do not suffer from perspiration. Nevertheless if a metal plate covered with a certain chemical preparation be passed over the paper the representation of the hand becomes visible in great detail.

LA GRANDE

Gold Mining Co.

PROPERTY OF COMPANY

4,600 acres or 14 miles in length of gold gravel, and in addition 20 miles of river bed of the Rio Grande, extremely rich in gold, situated in Taos county, New Mexico. Pronounced in official reports and by leading experts the most extensive and richest gold property known.

MANY MILLIONS FOR DIVIDENDS NOW IN SIGHT!

The greatest opportunity to secure at a low price a limited number of shares—being the first offered by the company—after sale of which price will be advanced.

SAFEST OF ALL INVESTMENTS

Income for Life!

Officered and managed by conservative and leading business men of Pennsylvania.

STOCK FULL PAID AND UNASSESSABLE.

Price 20c per Share.

Send for Prospectus and read the proofs.

La Grande Gold Mining Co.,

Wirt Building,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Active Agents Wanted

THE

Republican

AND

N. Y.

TRIBUNE

1.25.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We are authorized to announce Henry Lowry, of Bellefonte as a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

Administratrix's Notice.

Letters of administration on the estate of C. H. Beates late of Burnside Towaship, deceased, having been granted by the Register of Wills of Centre County, to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and all persons having claims against the decedent are requested to present the same duly authenticated for settlement to,

NANNIE BEATS,
Administratrix

Reeder & Quigley, Attorneys. 6t.

Administrator's Notice.

Letters of administration on the estate of Robert Glenn, late of Bellefonte borough, Centre county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims or demands against the same will present them duly authenticated, for settlement, to

J. THOMAS MITCHELL, Administrator,
f27-6t Bellefonte, Pa.

Additional Locals.

—Bellefonte had a prize fight on Friday afternoon.

—Australia produced 4,333,681 ounce of gold last year.

—Thirty-two million tons of water roll over the cliff at Niagara every hour.

—Nothing cures a child's cough or croup in 10 minutesibut Brazilian Balm.

—Patrick Gorman, a venerable citizen of Snow Shoe died at his home in that place on Tuesday.

—Every time you cough take 10 drops of Brazilian Balm. 50 doses 25c. It's magic.

—The New Jersey legislature has appropriated $10,000 toward the extermination of the mosquito.

—A terrific wind storm swept over Monterey, Mexico, entailing a loss of more than $5,000,000.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes the kidney and bladder right. Contains nothing injurious. C. M. Parrish.

—Mrs. Simon Harper, of Centre Hall, is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. H. Derstine, of North Penn street.

—At the height of one mile the average velocity of the wind is four times as great the earth's surface.

—The General Electrical Company sold apparatus during the last year to the amount of $75,000,000.

—Maryland's industry employing the greatest number of persons is the canning of fruit and vegetables.

—Pottsville sportsmen claim that the severe weather this winter has killed at least 20,000 quail in the Schuylkill region.

—President Roosevelt has approved the bill establishing the Census Bureau as a permanent branch of the public service.

—Robert Cole, the Bellefonte architect has completed plans and specifications for a large Reformed church at Millersburg, Pa.

—Mrs. Lydia Frank, mother of Wm. Frank, of Rebersburg, died at Carroll, Sugar Valley, on Wednesday, aged 69 years.

—A token of American influence in Manila is the adoption of an ordinance prohibiting smoking in theatres during performances.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has purchased 200 acres of land adjoining its property in Altoona, for yard improvements.

—Brazilian Balm loosens the cough and cures the cold like magic. Then, it does not injure the ears or wreck the kidneys like quinine.

La grippe coughs yield quickly to the wonderful curative qualities of Foley's Honey and Tar. There is nothing else "just as good." C. M. Parrish.

—Gov. Stone has appointed W. Haywood Meyers, of Williamsport, a member of the State Game Commission to fill the vacancy created by the death of E. B. Westfall.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.
C. M. Parrish.

—Joseph E. Green, a well known insurance and real estate agent, died at his home in Williamsport Friday morning after a brief illness with typhoid pneumonia.

—Payne Whitney, who recently married a daughter of Secretary of State Hay, is to have a fine residence on upper Fifth Avenue New York, the site and building to cost $1,000,000

—A swindler has been operating in Columbia county and at Milton. His game is something in fancy work. He gets a payment of $1.50 and that is the last you see of him.

—The United States Civil Service commission announces that on March 18th, 1902, an examination will be held at Williamsport for positions of architectural draftsmen, Philippine service.

—The Methodist church at Morrisdale Mines, which has been undergoing extensive repairs, was re-opened last Sabbath with appropriate ceremonies. $2,500 covers the cost of the repairs.

—L. C. Bullock, the popular Milesburg carriage builder, entertained a large stag party at his Milesburg home Friday evening. A number of Bellefonters participated in the festivities.

—Mrs. Ellen T. Simler, wife of Capt. Harry Simler, of Philipsburg, died at her home in that place Wednesday morning from cancer of the liver. She is survived by her husband and ten children, one of whom is Mrs. Edith Bullock, of Bellefonte.

Could Not Breathe.

Coughs, colds, croup, grip, bronchitis, other throat and lung troubles are quickly cured by One Minute Cough Cure. One Minute Cough Cure is not a mere expectorant, which gives only temporary relief. It softens and liquifies the mucous, draws out the inflammation and removes the cause of the disease. Absolutely safe. Acts at once. "One Minute Cough Cure will do all that is claimed for it," says Justice of the Peace J. Q. Hood, Crosby, Miss. "My wife could not get her breath and was relieved by the first dose. It has been a benefit to all my family." C. M. Parish.

Academy Wins From State College

The basket ball game played on Thursday evening in the Armory of "Co B" between the Bellefonte Academy and the "Scrub" team of State College was a decided interesting one, and greatly enjoyed by the large number of people present. From the very start the Academy boys seemed to be the winners as their playing was far superior to that of States eam. Russells fine guarding and goal running, McEntosh great field work certainly did keep the boys from the "Farm School guessing which end was up." The game resulted 14 to 9 in favor of the Academy. The line up was as follow:

Academy		State College
McEntosh	Forward	Shedd
Russell	Forward	Bender
Kerr	Centre	Tittsworth
McCandless	Guard	Dodge
McGee	Guard	Quigley

Goals from field Russell 4 Tittsworth 1 Quigley 1 Goals from fouls McEntosh 2 Bender 2 Tittsworth 1 Umpire and Referee Jackson and Reiber, Timekeeper Newcomer 20min-halves, Attendance 300.

Resolutions Adopted at the Meeting of Legislative Committee.

HARRISBURG, March 8.—The annual meeting of the Legislative Committee of the Pennsylvania State Grange was held here Thursday, at which resolutions were adopted reaffirming the position of the State Grange on the good roads question; commending the work of Forestry Commissioner Rothrock; urging Senators Quay and Penrose to vote for the House bill providing for the election of United States senators by popular vote; urging the passage by the Senate of the Henry oleo bill; protesting against the passage of the irrigation and ship subsidy bills; insisting that the Grange platform of a tariff for all or a tariff for none be carried out in the adjustment of our import duties in our new possessions.

Resolutions were also adopted condemning the State Department of Agriculture for its failure to make an agricultural exhibit at the South Carolina Exposition, for which an appropriation of $5,000 was made by the last Legislature and urging Secretary of Agriculture Hamilton to provide for the discussion of the taxation question at the Farmers' Institutes in Pennsylvania.

The meeting was attended by William F. Hill, of Crawford county, Master of the State Grange; Senator H. W. Rice, of Bucks county; Representative William T. Creasy, of Columbia county, and former Master Leonard Rhone, of Centre county.

For Over Sixty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cure wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Rough Riders White House Favorites

Prominent men who visit the White House often bump up against President Roosevelt's predilection for the men of his old "Rough Rider" regiment. On a recent visit to the White House, Senator Lodge, it is said, cast his eyes about the reception room and said humbly, "Mr. President, I would like to speak with you for a moment, provided, of course, there are no Rough Riders about."

A Severe Cold for Three Months.

The following letter from A. J. Nusbaum, of Batesville, Ind., tells its own story. "I suffered for three months with a severe cold. A druggist prepared me some medicine, and a physician prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I then tried Foley's Honey and Tar, and eight doses cured me." Refuse substitutes. C. M. Parrish.

Can't Keep it Secret.

The splendid work of Dr. King's New Life Pills is daily coming to light. No such grand remedy for Liver and Bowel troubles was ever known before. Thousand bless them for curing Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Jaundice and indigestion. Try them. 25c at Green's Pharmacy.

—There are some women who seem to be perennially youthful. The grown daughters are companions as well as children, and the color in the mother's cheeks, the brightness in her eyes, the roundness of her form, all speak of abounding health. What is her secret? She is at the middle age of life when so many women are worn, wasted and faded, and yet time has only ripened her charms. The secret of this matronly health and beauty may be told in the brief phrase, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The general health of woman is so intimately related to the local health of the delicate womanly organs, that where these are diseased, the whole body must suffer. "Favorite Prescription" dries the debilitating drains, heals ulceration and and inflammation, cures female weakness and imparts to the delicate female organs natural vigor and vitality. Women who have lost their health and their beauty have been made robust and rosy cheeked" by the use of this marvelous medicine.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

President Roosevelt on Cuba.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The following authorized statement was made public at the White House last evening:

Any statement that the President has changed his attitude on the Cuban reciprocity business is without the slighest foundation in fact.

The third conference of Republican members of the House to consider the question of Cuban tariff concessions was held last evening in the hall of the House. About 125 members were present and great interest was manifested, owing to the sharp division which has occurred between the supporters of the Ways and Means proposition for 20 per cent. reciprocity as put forward by Chairman Payne, of Minnesota.

Prior to the meeting Speaker Henderson and Representative Cannon, of Illinois, the latter chairman of the caucus, called at the White House and were understood to have held a further conference with the President on the situation.

When the caucus met at 8:15, Mr. annon occupied the chair with Mr. Laudenslager, of New Jersey, as secretary. Mr. Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, a member of the Ways and Means committee, and an ardent supporter of the Payne reciprocity plan was recognezed at the outset for an extended speech, presenting legal objections to the Tawney proposition. He maintained that this proposition was a bounty to Cubans and as such unconstitutional. He urged the impractical character of the bounty plan, saying there were some 15,000 planters dealing through 160 middlemen, so that it would be impossble to make an equitable distribution. Mr. Dalzell referred to the widespread sentiment of the press favorable to reciprocal concessions. He was interrupted by a fire of cross questions as he proceeded.

Mr. Dalzell declared that the Republican party had never run away from an issue and it would not run away from this one. He spoke of President Roosevelt's position and read from the President's message favoring reciprocity. At one point Representative Mahon, of Pennsylvania, interjected the query: "Suppose Cuba's products were iron and steel, instead of sugar and tobacco, should they receive 20 per cent. tariff concessions?"

One of the Philadelphia members added the statement that his district did not favor the reciprocity plan. Mr. Dalzell proceeded with his argument maintaining that from the standpoint of expediency and racticability, the Payne plan offered the best solution of the problem.

Representative Long, of Kansas, spoke in favor of the Payne proposition and had not completed his argument when, at 11 o'clock, he yielded to Speaker Henderson. The latter counseled the fullest discussion before action was taken in order that differences might be reconciled and an amicable adjustment reached. The speaker's suggestion met general acceptance and at 11.15 the conference adjourned until next Tuesday night.

Foley's Honey and Tar
for children, safe, sure. No opiates.
C. M. Parrish.

—The State Department at Washington has been advised of the intention of the Austria-Hungary government to elevate their ministry in the United States to an embassy. When this action is taken our government will then erect our ministry in Vienna as an embassy.

Dangers of Pneumonia.

A cold at this time if neglected is liable to cause pneumonia which is so often fatal, and even when the patient has recovered the lungs are weakened, making them peculiarly susceptible to the development of consumption. Foley's Honey and Tar will stop the cough, heal and strengthen the lungs and prevent pneumonia. C. M. Parrish.

PAR VALUE GOLD MINING CO.

We are pleased to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of the Par Value Gold Mining Co., on another page, and to remind you of the fact that their properties, which are now being developed, are in the immediate neighborhood of some of the greatest producing mines in the world. Note the following

AN INDORSEMENT JUSTIFIED.

About a year ago, in answer to several inquiries addressed to the editor of the "Western Trade Journal," we published an editorial indorsing, in an unqualified manner, the Par Value Gold Mining Company, and recommended its stock as being the most advantageous mining investment that had ever come under our observation.

We desire to repeat all we have said in praise of the Par Value Gold Mining Company in our issue of December 4th, 1900, and to add that it is stronger and better able to carry out its obligations than ever before.

The Par Value Gold Mining Company, to our mind, offers the best opportunity for money-making that has been brought to our notice. We unreservedly commend the Par Value Gold Mining Company to every reader as being strong and unassailable. This company has the hearty and unqualified indorsement of the "Western Trade Journal, Jan. 14, 1902.

Foley's Kidney Cure
makes kidneys and bladder right.
C. M. Parrish.

Steamers Crash Together in a Heavy Fog.

LONDON, March 7.—The American Line steamer Waesland, Captain Atfeld, which left Liverpool Wednesday, and the British steamship Harmonides, commanded by Captain Pentin, bound for Liverpool, met in collision last night in a heavy fog off Holyhead, Wales.

The Waesland filled quickly and sunk. Her passengers, 32 cabin and 82 steerage, and the crew, which numbers more than 100, were rescued by the Harmonides, which was apparently uninjured, and brought to Liverpool.

No one had retired when the crash came, and inspired by Captain Atfeld and his crew, the passengers behaved splendidly.

There was little sign of a panic and the cool orders of the captain were obeyed implicitly and with alacrity.

As the Harmonides drew away her lifeboats were lowered and the passengers and crew of the rapidly sinking Waesland were taken aboard. Passengers saved little of their effects.

Prince Henry's Ambassadonal Writing Desk.

Prince Henry has used the English language almost exclusively during his stay in this country, but on the occasion of the launching of the "Meteor" he was heard to say to the big Count Von Holleben, the German Ambassador. "Kommen Sie hier; Ich muss ein Schreibepult haben".—Come here; I must have a writing desk. Whereupon he playfully swung the grave Ambassador around, placed the paper on his broad back, and wrote a dispatch to his Imperial brother.

The World's Champion Mail Carrier.

A South Dakota man has just been again awarded the contract for carrying the mail between DeSmet and Howard. He has already been making the trips for eight years and has aggregated 87,360 miles, or nearly four times the distance around the globe. This is supposed to be the record distance attained by any carrier in the world over a given route.

Fire Destroys Creamery.

The Centre Hall creamery operated by the Howard Creamery company was totally destroyed by fire on Tuesday night. The loss placed at over $2,000 was partially covered by insurance. Thomas Wilson was the Superintendent of the Centre Hall plant. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Lumbermen Sue Contractors.

A number of damage suits will be brought against the contractors building the West Branch railroad by Clearfield county lumbermen. The claim will be made that the obstructions placed in the river at various points between Clearfield and Karthaus have greatly impeded the floating of logs and necessitated a vast amount of extra labor and expense in getting said logs to their destination—the mills at Williamsport. A score or more suits will be brought at once.

—Notable Jewish religious days occur during this month. On March 9 and 10 will fall the Rosh Hodesh Adar Shenee, on March 20, the Feast of Esther, while the great feast of Purim falls on March 23 and 24. Purim is one of the great days in the Jewish calendar and is observed universally by the faithful.

Practically Starving.

"After using a few bottles of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure my wife received perfect and permanant relief from a severe and chronic case of stomach trouble," says J. R. Holly, real estate, insurance and loan agent, of Macomb, Ill. "Before using Kodol Dyspepsia Cure she could not eat an ordinary meal without intense suffering. She is now entirely cured. Several physicians and many remedies had failed to give relief." You don't have to diet Eat any good food you want, but don't everload the stomach. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will always digest it for you. C. M. Parrish.

—Tobias Fair, an old and highly respected citizen of Julian, died in that place recently at the advanced age of 85 years. His death was due to infirmities of old age. He was a man well and favorably known in that community and for years was a member of the United Brethren church. He was married twice and his second wife survives him together with a number of children.

Would Smash the Club.

If members of the "Hay Fever Association" would use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the club would go to pieces, for it always cures this malady and Asthma, the kind that baffles the doctors it wholly drives from the system. Thousands of once-hopeless sufferers from Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis owe their lives and health to it. It conquers Grip, saves little ones from Croup and Whooping Cough and is positively guaranteed for all Throat and Lung trouble. 50c, $1.00. Trial bottles free at Green's Pharmacy.

—Frank C. Bostock, the animal trainer, arrived in New York recently from Europe, accompanied by Frank Renniers, 21 years old and 8 feet 4 inches in height, who says he is still growing, and a man named Dumont, who has a beard 13½ feet long.

IMMORAL SUASION.

It Has Certain Advantages Over The Milder Moral Method.

Moral suasion, the appeal to the rational nature of man, is doubtless a very good thing. But it will not compare with immoral suasion for inducing swiftness of thought or promptness of action. The burglar surprised in his raid and requested to "please go away" will argue the case in the forceful burglar way. But when a pistol is pushed in his face with the laconic order, "Get!" —he goes and stands not on the order of his going. The pistol, with its six solid arguments, is a wonderful persuader, and

in the line of immoral suasion cannot be surpassed.

It is a reflection on man's reason that he often refuses to do what common sense dictates until he is forced to do it. Common sense tells a man that he cannot live irregularly and keep his health He is warned and admonished time and again that hasty eating and irregular meals result in diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. But because Nature does not directly threaten his life as the pistol does he goes right along until he is obliged to reform because disease forces him to do so.

UNHEEDED WARNINGS.

It is only when all her warnings have been unheeded that Nature no longer says "You should not" but "You shall not." This is practically what happens when the lover of high living has to give up dainty dishes, sweets and condiments and come down to a diet of oatmeal or tea and toast.

There are thousands of dyspeptics whose condition shuts them out from all the pleasures of the table. There are thousands of others who are on the high road to a like condition, unheeding the warnings of the protesting stomach.

The great fact is that every man and woman who suffers from dyspepsia can be almost certainly cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It always helps. It almost always cures. Only two people in every hundred who give "Golden Medical Discovery" a fair and faithful trial fail of a perfect and permanent cure.

"I have been thinking of writing to you for some time," writes Mrs. W. D. Benson, of Maxton, Robeson Co., N. C., "to let you know what a wonderful thing Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery did for my little boy. He was taken with indigestion when he was a year and a half old, and he was under the doctor's treatment for five long years. We spent all we made for doctor bills, and it did no good. When he would take a spell of indigestion he would lie for ten and fifteen days, and it seemed as though he would die. He had these spells every two or three weeks. He could not eat anything only a little milk and cracker, and sometimes even this would make him sick. He could not eat any meat or vegetables and he got very weak; could not sit up all day, and I gave up all hope of his ever getting any better. Three years ago I found one of your books, and on looking it over one day I noticed Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery recomended for indigestion. We bought some and gave it to our boy. He had been treated at Hood's Creek by a good doctor, and at Bennettsville, S. C., and at Currie, and Lumberton and Maxton, and was only relieved for a short time. We gave him two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and it cured him. He is well as can be and can eat anything that he wants and it does not hurt him. He has not been sick a day since and it has been three years since he took your medicine. I can safely say that he is well."

WHERE WILL IT END?

No one can say where the results of disease of the stomach and its allied organs will end. The stomach is the source of supply for each organ of the body. Whatever affects the stomach to reduce its strength and its ability to provide nutrition for the dependent organs will also affect the organs themselves. Heart, liver, lungs, kidneys, all must share the "weakness" of the stomach. When diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition are cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, diseases of other organs originating in stomach "weakness" and innutrition are cured at the same time.

"I sent you a letter about a year ago," writes Mrs. J. Ellis Hamilton, of Farmington, Marion Co., West Va. "I stated my case as plainly as I could, and received a letter from you in a few days, telling me to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Favorite Prescription'—a bottle of each. I used three of each, and feel like a new woman. Don't suffer any pain or misery any more. Before using your medicines I suffered all the time—had jaundice, caused from food not digesting properly. I would have sick headache three and four times a week, and jaundice every four or five weeks. Could not do the work myself. I commenced using your medicines as recommended for liver complaint, and I am cured. I doctored three years without relief, only for a short time, and then I was as bad as ever. Haven't had sick headache since I took the first bottle of medicine."

There is no alcohol in "Golden Medical Discovery," and it is absolutely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics.

A FULL TABLE

The table of contents, of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, offers a wide range for the thoughtful or the curious reader. In the 1008 large pages of this remarkable book have been condensed the sum of human knowledge upon the vital truths of biology, physiology and hygiene. It is full of helpful household hints on home medicine and treatment. Among its 700 illustrations are pictures of medicinal herbs and instructions as to their value and preparation for use. The book is a mine of valuable knowledge, and it is sent absolutely *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume, or only 21 stamps for the book in paper-covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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Cures Grip, Coughs, Croup.
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Surgeon's Knife Not Needed.

Surgery is no longer necessary to cure piles. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures such cases at once, removing the necessity for dangerous, painful and expensive operations. For scalds, cuts, burns, wounds, bruises, sores and skin diseases it is unequalled. Beware of counterfeits. C. M. Parrish.

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A New Old Paper.

For sixty years the NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE has been a national weekly newspaper, read almost entirely by farmers, and has enjoyed the confidence and support of the American people to a degree never attained by any similar publication.

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is made absolutely for farmers and their families. The first number was issued November 7th, 1901.

Every department of agricultural industry is covered by special contributors who are leaders in their respective lines, and the TRIBUNE FARMER will be in every sense a high class, up to date, live, enterprising agricultural paper, profusely illustrated with pictures of live stock, model farm buildings and homes, agricultural machinery, etc.

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Regular price $1.00 per year but you can buy it with your favorite home weekly newspaper, THE BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN, one year for $1.50.

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A Name Twice Made Famous, Now a Shining Mark for Imitators.

The name "Chase," twice made famous, is a shining mark for the unscrupulous to pounce upon and appropriate in order to foist upon the public their worthless preparations. These birds of prey, by using the name Chase, expect the public to be fooled into believing they are the medicines of Dr. A. W. Chase, who first became noted as the author of the world-famed Dr. Chase's recipe book and family physician, and whose fame is now doubly increased by the wonderful success of his Nerve Pills, with Nerve, Brain and Blood troubles. They play upon the name Chase, but dare not use the initials "A. W."

They imitate, but dare not counterfeit the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase which identifies the Nerve Pills now recognized as infallible for building up pale weak, thin-blooded, nerve exhausted sufferers.

Who are nerve-tired and brain-weary.
Who are easily exhausted.
Who are wakeful—cannot sleep.
Who have nervous headache.

They remove the cause of blood impurities, securing refreshing sleep and impart strength.

They build up people who find their strength and vigor waning.

They settle irritated nerves, replace languor and lassitude with energy and animation, Cure Nervous Dyspepsia.

The above is the right kind prepared by the Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo N. Y. 50 cents per box. All others are imitations.

LIVING IN LONDON.

It Is Not a Good Place For a Man of Small Income.

An American who in the classical language of his country is at present "located" in London wants to know whether any city in the world is quite so niggardly as our town. He has been going the round of the London restaurants and has encountered in the management of them a spirit which distresses him. "There is, to begin with," he says, "a charge of from twopence to sixpence for guarding your hat and coat in the cloakroom, and a tip in addition is expected. You want to wash your hands—another twopence or another sixpence and another tip. You take up the menu, and, behold, there is an intimation that a charge of threepence each person will be made under the guise of 'table money.' The charge varies according to the nature of the place. Threepence is the lowest and sixpence perhaps the average. At a great many restaurants it is 1 shilling and in at least two that I have visited is. 6d. The only difference is that in the lower priced restaurants it is called 'table money' and in the higher priced ones placed under the captivating heading of 'couvert.' To my mind, an entrance fee frankly demanded at the door would be much less offensive than to find yourself asked at the end of a dinner to pay for the trouble and expense of cleaning up the cutlery you have used."

His conclusion of the whole matter is that "London lives by imposing a fixed tariff on the accessories that in every other city I have ever been to are thrown in gratis," and he thinks that being a gentleman is one of the most expensive professions an Englishman can have. He declares it to be an utter delusion that London is a cheap place to live in. "For the poor man," he says, "the man whose income is less than £800 a year, there is no city where less can be had in the way of comforts and even the necessities of life. In New York it is only the luxuries that cost. The expenses of everyday living may be as great or as small as one cares to make them. New York, in fact, is laid out for the poor man. From the transportation system to the price of such fundamental charges on the household treasury as coal, ice, fuel, meat, bread, milk and fruit, almost everything conspires to bring him in a good return for a very small outlay. All these things are cheaper in New York than in London."—London Chronicle.

Bills In Congress.

The words "has introduced a bill in congress," applied to a senator or representative, usually sound much larger than their ordinary meaning warrants. In order properly to estimate the value of the introduction of a bill one must remember that of 12,000 or 15,000 measures introduced a few hundred only are passed. As for proposed amendments to the constitution, the infant mortality among them is appalling. Each new congress sees a score or more of proposals for a "sixteenth amendment to the constitution." We shall doubtless some time have such a thing, yet three amendments, all of which were consequences of a great civil war, represent the only changes made in the constitution since the presidency of Thomas Jefferson.—Youth's Companion.

Of all money transactions in England 97 per cent are done by checks and only 3 per cent by notes and gold.

Railroad Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect Nov. 24, 1901.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.05 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.20 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m. at Pittsburg 6.55 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m. arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 6.50 p m, at Pittsburg 10 45 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward,

Leave Bellefonte 9,53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11,05, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.20 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 9.45 p m

Via Lock Haven—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2 10 p m, at Buffalo 7.40 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.16 p m. arrive at Lock Haven 9.15 p m, arrive at Buffalo 7.35 a m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12 40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3 15 p m. at Philadelphia at 6.25 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.10 p m, arrive at Williamsport 2.48 p m, leave 4.00 p m. arrive at Harrisburg 5.00 p m, Philadelphia 7.32 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.16 p m arrive at Lock Haven 9.15 p m, leave Williamsport 1.35 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 4.15 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 7.22 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 2,15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.42, at Harrisburg 6.50 p m. Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District. No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD
Time table in effect Nov. 24, 1901

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
6 50	3 30	8 39	..... Tyrone	8 55	11 29	5 50
6 56	4 31	8 26	...East Tyrone...	8 49	11 14	5 44
6 58		8 28	.....Tyrone.....		11 12	5 42
7 01	3 35	8 31	..... Vail	8 45	11 09	5 39
7 11	3 46	8 42	...Vanscoyoc...	8 38	11 02	5 32
7 15	3 50	8 47	.....Gardner	8 35	10 59	5 29
7 24	3 59	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant..	8 27	10 51	5 21
7 30	4 06	9 05	..... Summit	8 20	10 44	5 14
7 34	4 10	9 09	...Sandy Ridge..	8 14	10 38	5 10
7 36	4 12	9 11	.....Retort	8 11	10 35	5 07
7 38	4 14	9 12	..... Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 05
7 48	4 24	9 21	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	4 57
			.Osceola Junct	7 57	10 20	4 52
7 54	4 28	9 26	.... Boynton.....	7 51	10 17	4 49
7 58	4 30	9 31	.... Steiners	7 50	10 13	4 45
8 02	4 35	9 40	...Philipsburg..	7 48	10 12	4 40
8 06	4 45	9 45	.....Graham	7 42	10 07	4 35
8 11	4 50	9 50	... Blue Ball....	7 37	10 02	4 30
8 17	4 56	9 56	....Wallaceton...	7 32	9 56	4 24
8 22	5 02	10 02	.....Bigler	7 26	9 50	4 17
8 28	5 08	10 08	....Woodland....	7 20	9 43	4 10
8 30	5 10	10 11	Mineral Spr'gs	7 17	9 40	4 06
8 34	5 14	10 15	.... Barrett	7 13	9 36	4 01
8 38	5 18	10 20	.....Leonard.....	7 09	9 35	3 56
8 45	5 25	10 26	....Clearfield ...	7 05	9 28	3 50
8 50	5 32	10 32	....Riverview....	6 55	9 21	3 46
8 56	5 38	10 39	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 15	3 34
9 00	5 55	10 44	..Curwensville..	6 45	9 10	3 30
	6 01	10 50	.....Rustic.....	6 40		3 15
	6 09	10 58	.....Stronach	6 34		3 09
	6 15	11 04	....Grampian	6 30		3 05
M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after Nov. 24, 1901.

Westward. 55	53	51		50	Eastward. 52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
5 45	12 10	8 55	...Lock Haven..	10 30	2 10	9 15
5 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....	10 22	2 04	9 09
6 02	12 26	9 12	...Beech Creek..	10 11	1 54	8 58
6 06	12 29	9 15	.....Eagleville....	10 08	1 51	8 55
6 14	12 38	9 24	.....Howard.....	9 59	1 43	8 46
6 20		9 30	...Mount Eagle...	9 53	1 38	8 40
6 25	12 48	9 34	.....Curtin.....	9 49	1 34	8 36
6 32	12 55	9 41	.....Milesburg.....	9 41	1 24	8 28
6 44	1 05	9 58	.....Bellefonte,...	9 32		8 16
6 53	1 14	10 01	....Milesburg	9 18	1 24	8 08
6 56	1 22	10 04	...Snow Shoe Int...	9 15	1 22	8 05
7 03	1 28	10 11	.....Unionville.....	9 07	1 15	7 57
7 12	1 36	10 20	.....Julian	8 58	1 08	7 48
7 21	1 41	10 28	.....Martha.....	8 49	1 01	7 39
7 28	1 50	10 35	...Port Matilda...	8 42	12 55	7 32
7 35	1 56	10 41	.....Hannah.....	8 35	12 49	7 25
7 37	1 58	10 43	.....Fowler.....	8 33	12 47	7 23
7 40	2 00	10 45	.....Dix.....	8 30	12 45	7 20
7 46	2 06	10 51	...Bald Eagle...	8 24	12 39	7 14
7 50	2 10	11 56	.....Vail	8 20	12 35	7 10
7 54	2 14	11 59	...East Tyrone...	8 16	12 31	7 06
8 00	2 20	11 05	.....Tyrone.....	8 10	12 25	7 00
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.
Nos. 50 and 51 Sundays on week day schedules.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD. College Accm.	Exp.		Mail.	EASTWARD. Exp	Bellf Ac
1†	*5	†2		*2	†4	6†
a.m	p m	a m	Lv Ar	a m	p m	p m
6 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte	8 50	2 40	6 4
6 35	4 21	10 37	Coleville	8 40	2 25	6 3
f638	f4 25	f10 42	Morris	f 8 35	f2 22	f6 27
f643	f4 28	f10 47	Whitmer	f8 35	f2 17	f6 23
f646	f4 32	f10 53	Hunters	f8 31	f2 10	f6 21
f650	f4 36	f10 56	Filmore	f8 28	f2 06	f6 18
f655	f4 40	f11 02	Briarly	f8 24	f2 00	f6 14
7 00	4 43	11 05	Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10
f703	f4 45	f11 08	Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52	f6 07
f712	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
7 25	5 00	11 15	State College	8 00	1 30	5 45
f727	f5 05	f11 24	Struble	f7 45	f1 34	f5 25
f731	f5 10		Bloomsdor	f7 40		f5 20
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State college. Trains from State College connect ith Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for ints east and west.
stops on flag. *Daily except Sunday.
F. H. THOMAS, Sup

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect Nov. 24, 1901.

a m		STATIONS.	p m
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe Leave	7 30	3 15
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection	9 15	4 56
10 01	5 55	Milesburg	9 18	5 05
9 53	5 45	Leave Bellefonte Arrive	9 32	5 20

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN. No.1	No.5	No.3		No.6	READ UP No.2	No.4
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	Lv. Ar.	p.m	a.m.	p.m.
†7 10	†6 40	†2 40	Bellefonte	9 15	9 40	5 10
7 22	6 52	2 52	Nigh	9 02	9 27	4 57
7 28	6 58	2 58	Zion	8 56	9 21	4 51
7 33	7 03	3 03	Hecla Park	8 51	9 16	4 46
7 35	7 05	3 06	Dunkles	8 49	9 14	4 44
7 39	7 09	3 09	Hublersburg	8 45	9 10	4 40
7 43	7 13	3 13	Snydertown	8 41	9 06	4 36
7 46	7 16	4 16	Nittany	8 38	9 03	4 33
7 48	7 19	3 18	Huston	8 35	9 00	4 30
†7 51	7 22	3 21	Lamar	8 32	8 57	4 27
†7 58	7 25	3 28	Clintondale	8 29	8 54	4 24
†7 57	7 29	3 27	Krider's S'n'g	8 25	8 49	4 13
8 02	7 34	3 32	Mackeyville	8 19	8 43	4 13
8 08	7 40	3 38	Cedar Springs	8 12	8 37	4 07
8 10	7 42	3 40	Salona	8 10	8 35	4 05
8 15	7 47	3 45	Mill Hall	†8 05	†8 30	†4 00
			(NEW YORK CENT.) Jersey Shore		7 55	3 25
12 20	8 38		Arr | WM'PORT | Lve		7 25	*2 50
12 34	9 10		Lve | WM'PORT | Arr		*7 05	2 30
	11 30		(PHILA AND READING RY) PHILA		12 01	†8 36
3 19			NEW YORK (Via Phila)		9 25	†4 30
10 40	7 00					
	9 30					
p.m			Ar. Lv.		p.m.	a.m

*Daily. † Week Days. $ 6 00 p. m. Sunday ‡ 10 55 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia at 12 01 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

C. M Parrish.

Sensations During Hanging.

One question often asked and which few living persons are able to answer is, "What are the sensations of a man who is being strangled with a rope?" Some of the few who have lived to give an account of what occurred to them at that critical moment say that after one instant of pain the chief sensation is that of a mass of brilliant colors before the eyes. Professor Boughton, who was one day testing for himself what such an experience would be like, lost his footing and was accidentally discovered and rescued just as the last faint spark of life was about to leave the body. He declared afterward that he felt no pain and that the only sensation was that of a fire before his eyes which finally changed from a bright blue to a black color. He said that he had no fear of the consequences and that the colors were even a source of extreme pleasure.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c

Lockjaw From Cobwebs.

Cobwebs put on a cut lately gave a woman lockjaw. Millions known that the best thing to put on a cut is Buckler's Arnica Salve, the infalliable healer of Wounds, Ulcers, Sores, Skin Eruptions, Burns, Scalds and Piles. It cures or no pay. Only 25c at Green's Pharmacy.

Classifying a Mummy.

The story is told of a French savant returned from Egypt bringing a royal mummy with him, and the case was opened at Marseilles. Being told that it contained a pharaoh, the officer looked up pharaoh in the tariff, but no mention could be find of such an article. Then it occurred to him that a nice, high duty was on dried fish, and the savant had to pay as if for that commodity.

Alaric's Grave.

It is said that when Alaric, the conqueror of Rome, died "a river was turned aside to make a place in its bed for his grave, and when he was buried the water was again let into its former channel, and the prisoners who had helped to bury him were killed, so that no one might find out where the conqueror of Rome was buried."

Brazilian Balm
Cures Asthma, Catarrh
50c — $1.00

KILLS PAIN.

It does more than that IT PENETRATES deeply into the muscles and tissues—equalizes the circulation; removes soreness. Soothes the nerves, relieves neuralgia, headache, backache, sprains, bruises muscular pains, and stiff and swollen joints; it is used only externally.

GREEN'S
Electric Liniment

should be in every home.

Price 25c.

GREENS'
PHARMACY
Bush House Block,
BELLEFONTE, PA

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Eczema

How it reddens the skin, itches, oozes, dries and scales!

Some people call it tetter, milk crust or salt rheum.

The suffering from it is sometimes intense; local applications are resorted to—they mitigate, but cannot cure.

It proceeds from humors inherited or acquired and persists until these have been removed.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

positively removes them, has radically and permanently cured the worst cases, and is without an equal for all cutaneous eruptions.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best cathartic. Price 25 cents.

Mica and Isinglass.

Mica and isinglass are not at all the same, though the names are sometimes confused. Mica is a transparent mineral, capable of being cleaved into elastic plates of extreme thinness. It is transparent and is used like glass in lanterns and the doors of stoves. Its power of resisting heat makes it much better than glass for stove doors. Isinglass is a substance consisting chiefly of gelatin. It is prepared from the sounds of air bladders of certain fresh water fishes. The best deposits of mica in the United States are in the mountains of North Carolina. In the Black Hills of Dakota mica is found near tin ore, but its presence is not an indication of gold.

FITS STOPPED FREE Permanently Cured by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER
No Fits after first day's use. Consultation, personal or by mail, treatise and $2 TRIAL BOTTLE FREE to Fit patients who pay expressage only on delivery. Permanent Cure, not only temporary relief, for all Nervous Disorders, Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance, Debility, Exhaustion. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ld. 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Founded 1871.

Central Hotel and Restaurant
S. O. WATTS, Proprietor.

Bar furnished with Choice Wines, Liquors, and Cigars. The Hotel has been Refurnished and Refitted Throughout.

Pool and Billiard Room. First-Class Livery Attached

Electric Light, Steam Heat and Telephone. Street cars stop at door.

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REEDER & QUIGLEY.
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ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS.
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G. L. OWENS,
LAWYER,
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Colections everywhere. Loans in building associations. Reference: First National Banks.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.
C. M. Parrish.

Couldn't Estimate Its Value!

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart never fails. It relieves in 30 minutes, it cures. It is a beacon light to lead you back to health. W. H. Musselman, of G. A. R., Weissport, Pa., says: "Two bottles of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart entirely cured me of palpitation and smothering spells. Its value cannot be estimated."—70
Sold by F. P. Green.

Kodol Digests what you Eat
Dyspepsia Cure

You might as well put fuel under a boiler without burning it and expect the engine to run, as to eat food and not digest it and expect to keep up nourishment for your body. You must have nourishment to live and when you cannot digest your food, KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE will do it for you, with no aid whatever from the stomach. It contains exactly the same elements as Nature's digestive fluids and can't help but produce the same results.—David Taylor, Blind Ridge, Pa., writes:—"I have been afflicted for a number of years with dyspepsia and have tried various remedies without good results but was cured by one bottle of KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE. I cannot say too much in its favor."

It can't help but do you good

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

When you need a soothing and healing application for piles, sores and skin diseases, use **DeWitt's Witch Hazel SALVE.** Beware of counterfeits.

C. M. PARRISH.

KIDNEY DISEASES
are the most fatal of all diseases.
FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE is a Guaranteed Remedy
or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the *best* for Kidney and Bladder troubles.
PRICE 50c. and $1.00.
C. M. Parrish.

Foley's Honey and Tar
heals lungs and stops the cough.
C. M. Parrish.

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BANNER SALVE,
the most healing salve in the world.
C. M. Parrish.

This will save your Life.
By inducing you to use
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For
Consumption, Coughs and Colds.
The only **Guaranteed Cure.**
NO Cure. NO Pay. Your Druggist will warrant it.
ABSOLUTELY CURES
Grip, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Pneumonia, or any Affection of the Throat and Lungs.
TRIAL BOTTLES FREE.
Regular Size 50 cents and $1.00.
Green's Pharmacy

McCLURE'S.

ARE you interested in your fellows? Are you concerned in the affairs of life? Do you care anything about the great men who have brought about the condition in which you live, and those who are in power today? Do you enjoy wholesome, animated stories that are true to life? Do you care for beauty in any form? Then there is no escape for you: you must join the army who read McCLURE'S regularly.

A FEW FEATURES FOR 1902

NEW ROMANTIC LOVE STORY by *Booth Tarkington*, author of "The Gentlemen from Indiana" and "Monsieur Beaucaire," a tale of love thwarted but triumphant, of gallant men and beautiful women. It deals with life in Indiana at the time of the Mexican War.

TRUE STORY OF THE STANDARD OIL. By *Ida M. Tarbell*, author of "Life of Napoleon" "Life of Lincoln," etc. A dramatic, human story of the first and still the greatest of all trusts—not an economic treatise, but an exciting history.

GREATEST OF THE OLD MASTERS. By *John La Farge*. Interesting and helpful papers on Michelangelo, Raphael Rembrandt, etc., their finest pictures reproduced in tints.

CLARA MORRIS'S STAGE RECOLLECTIONS. Stories of Salvini, Bernhardt, Mrs. Siddons and others.

A BATTLE OF MILLINNAIRES. By the author of "Wall Street Stories."

MR. DOOLEY ON HIS TRAVELS. His views upon the typical New Yorker, Philadelphian, Bostonian, and inhabitant of Chicago and Washington.

THE FOREST RUNNER. A tale of the Michigan woods

WILLIAM ALLEN WHITE on Tillman, Platt, Cleveland and others.

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EMMY LOU STORIES by *George Madden Martin*.

Illustrated prospectus, describing in full many other features, sent free to any address
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But at any price *THE BEST*

BRAZILIAN BALM
TRIAL BOTTLE 25c.

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Cures a Cold in One Night.
Guaranteed to Cure Any Cough. 25c
Only Radical Cure for Bronchitis. 50c
Cures Worst Croup in a Few Minutes.
Cures Sore Throat and Ulcerated Toncils.
Only Positive Cure for Quick Consumption.
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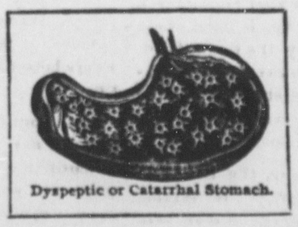
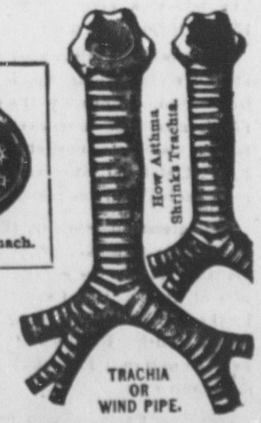

Dyspeptic or Catarrhal Stomach.



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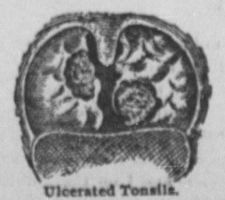
NOT ONE FAILURE IN 20 YEARS

Monte Ray Collins, Stevens Point, Wis., cured of dreadful cough following Pneumonia.

Kills the Streptococus, the dyspepsia germ and heals the stomach. Takes old Grip out of the system, restoring the vigor of youth. Cures Plurisy. Constipation and Piles, when all else fails. Mumps in 24 hours. Earache in 1 minute. Kills the pain of bee, wasp or hornet stings in 1 second. Heals sores wounds, burns, preventing lock jaw. Kills a boil over night. Cures all germ diseases. Is 100 years ahead of the medical profession. Try it.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20 days treatment Toxicola Tablets, greatest tonic Liver Invigorator and Headache Remedy, FREE with a $1 bottle of Brazilian Balm. Or a box of Toxicola (1 month's treatment) 25c.

Miss. L. L. Clark, Indianapolis, "The woman who coughed" ruined by grip, catarrh and asthma, restored to the vigor of youth with BRAZILIAN BALM AND TOXICOLA.

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B. F. JACKSON & CO., Mfg. Chemists. INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.
ALL DRUGGISTS.

The Bellefonte Republican

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS

Local Department.

—The Lock Haven high school has organized an athletic association.

—The fellow who thinks he knows it all seldom turns his knowledge to good account.

—The Blair county commissioners have reduced the county tax rate for 1902 from four to three mills.

—Some men get up with the lark, while others want a swallow the first thing in the morning.

—When doctors fail try Burdock Blood Bitters. Cures dyspepsia, constipation; invigorates the whole system.

—South Carolina has had many political troubles, but none worse than its present visitation of too much Tillman.

—Takes the burn out; heals the wound; cures the pain. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, the household remedy.

—Mrs. Thomas Shaughnessy, Sr., is seriously ill at her home near the glass works. She is suffering from hemorrhages.

—On account of the serious illness of Mrs. David Barlett her son Sidney and her daughter, Mrs. Carl Lilidahl, were summoned from Altoona.

—No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it, though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs colds, bronchitis, asthma. Never fails.

—The United States cruiser Philadelphia sailed from Panama for Guayaquil, Ecuador, where she will show the American flag for the first time in many years.

—The old Ligget flour and grist mill, situated about a mile west of Eagleville and owned by A. M. Hoover, of Bellefonte, has been sold to Mr. Hockman, of Penns Valley.

—Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

—Mrs. Joseph Steinkechner, of Bush's Addition, who is in her eighty-fifth year, had the misfortune to fall from a porch at her residence Monday afternoon sustaining a fracture of the hip bone.

—U. S. District Judge Thomas J. Jones, of Montgomery, Ala., will deliver the memorial address at Grant's tomb this year. He was one of the Confederate soldiers who surrendered to General Grant at Appomatox.

—The Y. M. C. A. building in Eagleville is being rushed to completion with the hope of occupying it early in April. The steel roof has been put on and the steel sides and front are being placed in position. The building will present a fine appearance.

—Mrs. Sallie Bunnell, of Provo, Utah, has the distinction of having 219 living descendents. She is 92 years old, and has seven children, 73 grand children, 135 great-grand children and 4 great-great-grand children.

—Hon. Daniel Agnew, former Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, died at 3 o'clock Sunday morning at his residence in Beaver, Pa. The venerable jurist had reached the remarkable age of 93 years.

—Expressman Jacob Barlett has purchased the residence of William V. Larimer, on Valentine street. Mr. Larimer, will move on the first of April to the house on Thomas street now occupied by Elmer E. Davis, of the Yeager and Davis shoe firm going to locate in Philipsburg.

—Former Postmaster General John Wanamaker was received at the Vatican in Rome on Wednesday by the Pope in connection with a delegation of 100 distinguished men of the French church. The interview occurred in the Consisral Hall at 10:30 in the morning.

—The railroad bridge over Spring creek at the match works which was swept from its foundations by the recent flood, has been restored to service and the Montandon trains are now able to reach the P. R. R. station. The temporary station at Reynolds' mill has been abandoned.

—Congressman Wheeler, the Democratic curiosity from Kentucky, is serving his third term in the house. A man capable of calling the German emperor's brother "a cheap little sprig of royalty," and a "little Dutchman," must have avoided notoriety heretofore by keeping his mouth shut.

—Samuel Evert, a well known citizen of Penn township, died at his home near Coburn, on Tuesday morning, aged 68 years. Mr. Evert had been sick for a long time but was able to be up and about. A few days ago he took to his bed and the end came very soon. Funeral services took place Saturday morning. Interment at Aaronsburg.

—The Eastern Pennsylvania Conference of the Evangelical church concluded its annual sessions in Hazelton on Wednesday night. The following appointments in Centre county belonging to the Williamsport district of which Rev. W. A. Leopold is presiding elder were made: Rev. J. L. Boyer, Penn's Valley, Rev. O. L. Buck, Spring Mills.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

John McGilfrey is visiting friends in Tyrone.

Dr. W. U. Irvin, of Julian, was in Bellefonte Tuesday.

Hon. Wm. C. Heinle was an arrival home Saturday.

Misses Ella and Winifred Gates spen Sunday in Loveville.

J. B. Gentzel left this week for Iowa for car load of horses.

Col. E. J. Pruner, of Tyrone, spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

Mr. W. L. Daggett returned home Saturday evening from Tioga.

Ex-Sheriff Cronister was a familiar visitor in Bellefonte Saturday.

Col. Jas. Weaver of Milesburg transacted business in Bellefonte Saturday.

Supt. J. W. Gephart returned Saturday from a business trip to Philadelphia.

W. M. Furey, of Pittsburg, was an arrival in Bellefonte Tuesday morning.

Arthur Valentine, of Crafton, near Pittsburg, spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

Ex-County Treasurer John Q. Miles, of Julian, transacted business in town Monday.

Miss Grace Armoor is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. Claude Jones, in Tyrone.

Mrs. B. C. Achenbach, of Lock Haven is spending a few days with Bellefonte friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Borches left for their Knoxville, Tenn., home on Sunday.

Mrs. Farish, the music teacher, has returned from a visit to her home in New York city.

Mr. John Laughlin, of Altoona, transacted business in Bellefonte last Friday and Saturday.

Miss Carrie Swartz, of Williamsport, is visiting her sister Mrs. George B. Klump, of West High St.

Dr. J. M. Brockerhoff returned Saturday from a several weeks' business visit to West Virginia.

General Manager A. A. Stevens, of the American Lime and Stone Company, was in Bellefonte Friday.

A. Katz, of the Globe, returned Monday night from a business visit to Philadelphia and New York.

Mrs. Wistar Morris, of Overbrook, is visiting at the home of Mrs. Eliza Blanchard on West Linn St.

Prof. A. R. Rutt, principal of the Milton public Schools was a business visitor to Bellefonte Saturday.

Rev. and Mrs. J. T. Scott spent Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Thompson at Beech Creek.

Guy Thompson, one of the firm of B. Frank Thompson & Son, of Beech Creek, spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

Edward, and Lewis Irvin are in Ashland, North Carolina. Edward is looking for a suitable place to locate in business.

Z. T. Zentmeyer, Sec., of Laymans Association of the M. E. Church of Tyrone transacted business in Bellefonte on Tuesday.

Miss Sallie Baum, after quite an extended visit with relatives in the states of Kentucky and Indiana, returned home Tuesday morning.

Miss Kipe, who has been visiting her sister Mrs. M. J. Locks on Spring street, returned to her home in Philadelphia Wednesday morning.

Harry McKee, after a two weeks' visit very pleasantly spent with Mr. and Mrs. H. Y. Stitzer, of this place, left for his home at Wilkinsburg Tuesday.

T. H. Ohl, a prosperous and prominent merchant of Clintondale was a pleasant caller at the REPUBLICAN office Tuesday with our genial friend J. A. McCarger.

Miss Ida Lanier, the up-to-date milliner at Katz Store returned Tuesday from New York City where she has been studying the latest fashions in ladies hats.

Harry and Calvin Young, of Boalsburg passed through Bellefonte Wednesday enroute to Stevenson County, Illinois, where both have secured excellent positions.

Mrs. Emil Joseph, was summoned Saturday to her mother's bedside who is seriously ill at her home in New York City. She was accompanied by her husband two, children and Mr. Harry Holtz.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lauder and daughter of Riddlesburg Pa. spent Monday in Bellefonte. Mr. Lauder has a son attending the Academy and it was to visit this school that brought them to our city.

Captain Swartz of the Salvation Army left Tuesday morning to join the brigade at Lawrenceville, Pa. Lieutenant Harshbarger was summoned to her home at DuBois on account of the serious illness of her sister.

Lee Runkle, who is quite well known in Bellefonte and who is very popular among a large number of friends left on Sunday afternoon for Youngstown, Ohio, where he has accepted an excellent position as a book-keeper with the Empire Steel and Iron Co., of that city. Lee is an allright fellow and we wish him unbounded success in his new work.

—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for $1.25.

VAGARIES OF THE TIDES.

Curious Currents In the Ocean and Its Offshoots.

There are as many vagaries in the waters as in the winds. Why, for instance, should three great ocean currents send their warm waters across the wide Pacific, Atlantic and around the Cape of Good Hope? There have been many theories advanced to solve the problem of their origin, but all have proved fallacious. Other and equally mysterious currents exist in well nigh all parts of the world. The tides are so erratic in different parts of the world that one hesitates to accept the theory that the moon controls them in all cases.

It is on record that the sea has run for weeks out of the Java sea through the strait of Sunda and thence back again for a like period without any perceptible rise or fall during those times. Then there is the equatorial current that flows into the Caribbean sea, the ever flowing current to the eastward around Cape Horn, the cold stream flowing from the icy regions of the north past Newfoundland and Nova Scotia and along the American coast to the extreme end of Florida, the continual current running with a velocity of from four to five knots an hour through the strait of Gibraltar into the Mediterranean sea, the swift current running across the rocks and shoals off the end of Billiton island, which apparently starts from nowhere and ends somewhere in the vicinity of the same place, and the current which, starting half way up the China sea, runs from two to three knots an hour to the northeast and finally ends abruptly off the north end of Luzon.

Then we have those tidal vagaries known the world over as bores. Residents on Severn side are familiar with them, and those that run up the Hugli and Irawaddy rivers from side to side in a zigzag shape till they reach their limit, often tearing ships from their anchorage, originate nobody knows where or why. The rush of waters in the bay of Fundy is nothing but a huge bore sweeping all before it up to the head of the bay till the waters have risen to the height of fifty or sixty feet. Off Southampton we have the double tides, while at Singapore it has been observed for days at a time that there has been but the one rise and fall in the twenty-four hours. The tides may be and very often appear as though they were "moonstruck," but they certainly are not controlled with hard and fast rules by that or any other body.—London Shipping World.

Private Gambling In Russia.

There is a good deal of gambling in society in England, but it is nothing to what goes on in Russia, says the London Candid Friend. Vint, preference and roulette are the principal games. The second is the most popular in army circles, while many ladies of the highest rank keep roulette tables and have regular "evenings," on which play goes on for very high stakes. As is usually the case at roulette, the bank mostly wins, and the hostess takes good care to keep the bank.

One of the most notorious of these private dens is run by two ladies of the highest rank and connections. Only the fine fleur of the society of St. Petersburg are admitted, and the entree is eagerly sought. The stakes are high, the plunging often desperate, and men have been known to leave these salons in a financial condition which approaches ruin. The princesses, however, make a handsome income out of the bank, and no one thinks the worse of them.

How High Can a Balloon Rise?

The altitude that may be attained by a balloon depends, first, upon its size; secondly, upon the filling of gas, and, thirdly, upon the weight being carried. A balloon of ordinary size, 43,000 cubic feet, carrying the smallest weight—that is, one person—when filled with illuminating gas may reach 20,000 feet, but when filled with hydrogen 27,000 feet. In order to ascend higher we first of all need a bigger balloon.

One may say it was a happy chance that the Royal Meteorological institute of Berlin was provided with a balloon of the unusual dimensions of 300,000 cubic feet. The German emperor furnished £500 for making experiments with it, and the Meteorological institute decided to make use of this opportunity for studying the highest regions of atmosphere.—Harper's Magazine.

A Bad Way to Feed Birds.

It is quite a common practice for persons owning pet birds to teach them to take bits of sugar or other food liked by the bird from the lips. It has been discovered that the trainers of young birds in Europe frequently contract in this way a peculiar parasitic growth on the throat and lungs that is frequently fatal, and a warning has been issued by French physicians which may well be heeded by any one feeding birds from mouth to beak.

A Psychological Deduction.

"My dear," said the wife of the eminent professor, "the hens have scratched up all that eggplant seed you sowed."

"Ah, jealousy," mused the professor. And he sat down and wrote a twenty page article on "The Development of Envy In the Minds of the Lower Grade of Bipeds."—Baltimore American.

Emotion Wasted.

"It was terrible even to see the villain die," said the emotional girl at the melodrama.

"Oh, well," consoled the old lady, "he would have died anyway. Did you notice how many cigarettes he smoked?"—Exchange.

—Subscribe for the REPUBLICAN.

THE MEXICAN EDITOR.

It Is Very Easy For Him to Get Into Serious Trouble.

The newspaper laws of Mexico are very stringent. If any person is mentioned in a newspaper article and feels offended about it, he can easily send the editor of the paper and the writer of the article to prison. The statements may have been far within the limits of truth and justice, but that makes no difference. The editor incommunicado has a chance to think about the law, and the aggrieved person smiles pleasantly. After awhile the law gets in its work, the case is investigated, and the editor is punished, for even the truth is libelous, and libel is one of the offenses most severely condemned.

According to the theory of the Mexican law, every person has a right to go about entirely free from annoyance by other persons. If the person violates the law, the newspaper has no right to say so. It can lay information before the courts if it wants to, but it must not say in its columns that it has done so. Then the law will step in and take charge of the offender, but the representatives of the paper will not be allowed to attend the trial, and only the bare result, after weeks of waiting, can be told to the public.

If the offense charged against the editor is regarded by the first magistrate to whom the complaint is made as being especially grave, the paper is generally suppressed. The complaint has been received and passed upon. Then a squad of police descends upon the printing office. Sometimes all the employees are arrested, sometimes only the editor. Then the doors of the building are closed, official seals are placed upon them, and a guard is stationed to see that no one tries to enter. For three days the editor can do nothing. The laws under which he is arrested are modeled after those of the code Napoleon, and for three days he is held incommunicado, while the authorities hunt up evidence. Then he is given a hearing. In the meantime his paper has been suppressed, and in many cases it never comes to life again, even though the editor may eventually clear himself of all blame.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

MOTHERS OF GREAT MEN.

Gounod's mother was fond of painting and music.

Chopin's mother, like himself, was very delicate.

Schumann's mother was gifted with musical ability.

Spohr's mother was an excellent judge of music, but no musician.

Milton's letters often allude to his mother in the most affectionate terms.

Raleigh said that he owed all his politeness of deportment to his mother.

Goethe pays several tributes in his writings to the character of his mother.

Wordsworth's mother had a character as peculiar as that of her gifted son.

Sydney Smith's mother was a clever conversationalist and very quick at repartee.

Haydn dedicated one of his most important instrumental compositions to his mother.

Gibbon's mother was passionately fond of reading and encouraged her son to follow her example.

Charles Darwin's mother had a decided taste for all branches of natural history.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Skull Borers.

A remarkable application of Biblical precept is still to be found among the Serbs, who do not all live in Servia, but are also scattered over Turkey, Montenegro, Bosnia and southern Hungary.

They are very quarrelsome, and the vendetta flourishes among them. It follows that bullet holes in the skull are by no means uncommon.

Now, according to the unwritten law a man who has made a hole in another's head must submit to having his own head perforated in like manner, unless he prefers to pay about $100 damages, which is seldom the case. So there has arisen among the Serbs a peculiar profession, that of the "medigs," or trepanners, who for a moderate fee will bore a hole in your skull and guarantee the wound to heal in two weeks.

Somnambulism.

Farmer Jones was awakened by a suspicious noise in his barnyard, and, going out with a club and lantern, in an angle between the chicken coop and barn he saw a colored neighbor standing bolt upright, with his eyes closed. After receiving a sharp blow on his head the intruder opened his eyes.

"Where is I?" he asked. "Is dat you, Farmer Jones? I spect I'se been walking in my sleep again. I often does walk in my sleep and jes' stand round and don't know where I is."—New York Herald.

A Feminine Sherlock.

Mrs. A.—Why in the world do you leave that little puff of powder on your chin?

Mrs. Z.—For my husband to blow off. You know he is such an observing man.

Mrs. A.—Is there any reason why you should wish him to blow it off?

Mrs. Z.—Yes. I can detect his breath.—Chicago News.

The Labor of Her Life.

The two men were talking about their domestic affairs.

"Do you keep a cook at your house?" inquired one.

"Um—er, ah," hesitated the other, "we try to."—Detroit Free Press.

The plans they have in the mint are nearly all money making schemes.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

ROYAL
Baking Powder

Makes Clean Bread

With Royal Baking Powder there is no mixing with the hands, no sweat of the brow. Perfect cleanliness, greatest facility, sweet, clean, healthful food.

The "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook"—containing over 800 most practical and valuable cooking receipts—free to every patron. Send postal card with your full address.

Alum is used in some baking powders and in most of the so-called phosphate powders, because it is cheap, and makes a cheaper powder. But alum is a corrosive poison which, taken in food, acts injuriously upon the stomach, liver and kidneys.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

A THIEF AMONG THE ANGELS

Spurgeon Corrected His Opinion of What He Might Do.

One day the mayor of Cambridge, who had tried to curb Mr. Spurgeon's tendencies to sensationalism, inquired of him if he had really told his congregation that if a thief got into heaven he would begin picking the angels' pockets.

"Yes, sir," the young preacher replied, "I told them that if it were possible for an ungodly man to go to heaven without having his nature changed he would be none the better for being there, and then, by way of illustration, I said that were a thief to get in among the glorified he would remain a thief still, and he would go around the place picking the angels' pockets."

"But, my dear young friend," asked the mayor seriously, "don't you know that the angels haven't any pockets?"

"No, sir," replied young Spurgeon, with equal gravity, "I did not know that, but I am glad to be assured of the fact from a gentleman who does know. I will take care to put it all right the first opportunity I get."

The next Monday morning Spurgeon walked into the mayor's place of business and said to him cheerfully, "I set that matter right yesterday, sir."

"What matter?" he inquired.

"Why, about the angels' pockets."

"What did you say?"

"Oh, sir, I just told the people I was sorry to say that I had made a mistake the last time I preached to them, but that I had met a gentleman, the mayor of Cambridge, who had assured me that the angels had no pockets, so I must correct what I had said, as I did not want anybody to go away with a false notion about heaven. I would therefore say that if a thief got among the angels without having his nature changed he would try to steal the feathers out of their wings!"—Homiletic Review.

Black Mirrors.

Crystal gazing is still popular, but the very latest thing in use is a black mirror, in which the sibyls say they can see many things. These little black mirrors come from India, where a spot of ink has always been a favorite vehicle for divination. The native boy who has "the second sight" is told to look fixedly at a spot of ink, which is poured into his hand. The black mirror is said to be every bit as good as the ink, and it is certainly more cleanly. It is made of a piece of black glass set in a wooden frame and is small enough to be held inside the hand.—London Chronicle.

Parental Negligence.

The Philadelphia Bulletin says: Fathers and mothers who do not know how and where their sons and especially their young daughters spend their evenings, are guilty of a negligence that is little short of criminal and that, too often leads to sad consequence. The American habit of letting the young folks "have their own way" in chosing their associates and methods of recreation is responsible in every town for a good deal of evil that might be prevented by parental firmness, judiciously exercised.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for March 10, 1902:

Mrs. Carrie Franks, S. P. Hair, W. L. Miller, S. H. Suey, Laird Walker, Bertha Young.

When called for please say advertised
W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

Musical College

The Musical College, at Freeburg, Pa. is a well equipped schools of music. $53 will pay for six weeks, instructions and board. Spring term begins May 5. For catalogue address,

HENRY B. MOYER, Director.

Dr. Browning's Claim Disputed.

PITTSBURG, March 10.—The executors of the will of the late Senator C. L. Magee will fight the claim of Dr. Walter Browning, of Philadelphia, for $190,000 for attending the decedent during the two years prior to his death.

They will file their account in the Orphans' Court today. All claims have been paid except about $200,000, of which Dr. Browning's claim is a part. Dr. Browning has retained Attorney W. B Rodgers to represent him at the audit o the executors' account.

The personality will net about $3,000,000 after settlement of all claims the executors are paying.

An Evening in Japan.

The Rev. Charles H. Evans, of Toronto Canada., professor in the Divinity school at Tokio, Japan will give a missionary address at a special service in St. John's Episcopal church next Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Mr. Evans was sent to Japan some years ago as a missionary supported by the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, to work in spreading the organization of the Brotherhood in Japan. He has proved so efficient that he has steadily advanced. Mr. Evans address will be from an educational standpoint in missionary work and it is sure to be most interesting and instructive. The public is cordially invited to attend this service at the conclusion of the service the local chapter of St. Andrew's brotherhood will meet Mr. Evans.

Lincoln's Birthplace.

The birthplace of Abraham Lincoln, near Hodgenville, Kentucky, is advertised at sheriff's sale for taxes. A few years ago the place promised to be a property upon which the government would spend thousands of dollars. But it was bought by a company of eastern capitalists with the intention of making it a public park. This scheme fell through. The place has been uncared for and gradually has gone down until its value is not more than enough to meet the taxes on it.

TO DOUBT THIS

Is to Disbelieve the Evidence of Your own Senses.

It's Bellefonte proof for Bellefonte people.

It's local endorsation for local reader.

It will stand the most rigid investigation.

Mr. A. B. Steel of North Spring St. says "I have never had a bad back since I used Doan's Kidney Pills in 1896 I procured them at that time from F. Potts Green's drug store and used them, but I have never had any occasion to use them since. I was so bad with lumbago or soreness across my kidneys that I had to play off work, I was hurt at a barn raising some years ago by a heavy timber swinging and striking me in the back. After that whenever I took cold it always affected my kidneys. This was the case for years but Doan's Kidney Pills finished all my suffering. I can speak as highly of this valuable preparation now as I did then.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and ake no subsitute.